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Pall Of Terror Over Korea

MURDER, ARSON INTIMIDATION AND SABOTAGE

First Election Being Fought Under Mounting Tension

SENSATIONAL CHARGES MADE AGAINST RUSSIA

SEOUL, KOREA, May 9. (Reuter): **Violence reached a new pitch and tension increased throughout South Korea today as preparations were completed for the first general election in the country's 4,000-year history.**

Sixty thousand armed police and constabulary and nearly a million volunteers took their posts in towns and villages to defend candidates. coters, election officials and ballot boxes.

SOVIET RADIO ADVIVE

From the Russian controlled radio in Pyongyang in North Korea came a day-long programme of instructions to South Koreans to prevent the election by all and any means. Captured documents printed in Russian and Korean contained alleged details of northern-inspired plans for violence and murder which are expected to reach a climax tomorrow.

MURDER, ARSON, SABOTAGE

Reports flooding in from all parts of South Korea spoke of murder, arson, intimidation, assault and sabotage of railways and railroad and telegraphic communication.

Thirtynine deaths due to violence have been reported, including 27 described as communists, since 6 p.m. on Friday. Six people are missing and 14 others have been wounded. Police arrested 133 people.

A Rightwing candidate was murdered early today and 60 sabotage incidents were reported including damage to 24 locomotives and the destruction of 6,000 ballot papers.

Two Rightwingers and two Leftists died in a gun fight near the inland town of Taegu and delayed reports from Oeju Island said four terrorists had been killed by police.

Three trains were derailed and wrecked and reports of further incidents are continuing to come in.

AMERICAN TROOPS STAND BY

American forces are standing by at half hour's notice in case the situation gets out of hand and both Americans and Koreans will tonight observe a strictly enforced curfew. The streets of Seoul were deserted last night except for strongly armed police, constabulary and volunteers and the curfew came into effect from today.

All occupation officials have been instructed to avoid all Korean gatherings and to keep off the streets in accordance with orders which suggest this period "may be the most critical since the initial occupation of Korea."

To maintain order and to ensure a free atmosphere, police have been alerted throughout South Korea.

In Seoul, 7,000 armed police, 1,500 special guards and 9,000 deputies are expected to prevent any outbreaks of violence.

WIDESPREAD VIOLENCE FEARED

But, despite the enlistment of nearly one in every four adult males, both Korean and American authorities fear widespread riots and violence in outlying areas.

Korean jeeps mounting machine guns and carrying armed police will patrol country roads, but late Korean police reports indicate large quantities of arms and ammunition have been smuggled across the border in the last few days.

INSTRUCTIONS TO "REDS"

Leaders of the South Korean Labour Party (Communists) captured in riots carried instructions ordering fires to be lit in the mountains as the signal for attack. The instructions also recommended the destruction of ballot boxes and booths by petrol bombs.

Communists have been ordered to enter the polling stations late and to destroy the filled ballot boxes.

Heavily guarded United Nations observers have left Seoul for outlying areas and will observe polling tomorrow.

Meanwhile buildings in all centres are plastered with election posters and candidates assisted by bands and loudspeakers are making last minute appeals.

EARLIER NEWS ON PAGE 6

LUCKNOW, May 9 (UPI).—The U.P. Government have withdrawn recognition from the U.P. Electric Workers' Federation, "in view of the Federation's record of irresponsible and anti-social conduct," according to a press note issued by the Government. The press note adds that no correspondence emanating from any of the offices of the Federation will be attended either by the Conciliation Officers or the Labour Commissioner or the Government.

Eclipse And Election

SCOUL, May 9. (Reuter): The election, originally fixed for today, was postponed until tomorrow, because today's eclipse of the sun was considered a bad omen.

Election of an Assembly for All-Korea—Russian-Occupied and American-Occupied—has been blocked by Soviet-American disagreement.

Tass, Soviet News Agency, reported from Russian-occupied North Korea last night that Russia had reaffirmed her readiness to withdraw her troops from Korea provided United States troops are withdrawn at the same time.

'RECRUITING MELA' IN POONA

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister and Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Power, Works and Mines were given a reception when they visited the Military Mela on Saturday evening.

A guard of honour was was presented to Sardar Baldev Singh and Mr. N. V. Gadgil at the Poona Recruiting Mela.

SOVIET STUDIES ON INDIA

Academician Completes Book

MOSCOW, May 9, (Reuter): The Soviet Academician, Alex Barrnikov has completed a book devoted to the history of Soviet studies of India.

He told the Soviet News Agency "Tass" in an interview that Soviet students of India are at work on the history economics and literature of the country and are compiling dictionaries of the main Indian languages—Urdu, Hindi, Bengali and Marathi. They have carried out extensive work on Hindu philosophy. They have published surveys of the history of various Indian literatures, and the most popular Indian literary works have been translated into Russian.

The Soviet Academician Scherbatsky wrote a fundamental monograph on the philosophy and logic of Buddhism."

REGIONAL BLOCS WON'T PREVENT WAR

U. N. Only Hope To Hold World Together, Says Trygve Lie

PRAGUE, May 9, (U. P. A.): Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, warned today that regional blocs could not prevent a war.

In a special article for the Communist newspaper, "Rude Pravo", Lie said the United Nations was the "sole hope for holding the world together in this difficult postwar period", but that it must continue to have a world-wide character if a war was to be prevented.

Lie said there was a tendency in the world today to blame the United Nations for current war fears. Lie said, "We are told the United Nations are powerless, that they are crippled by veto powers and that they are merely a debating club.

"This is dangerous talk and it is not true. Blame for our present difficulties must be laid where it belongs." He did not indicate where the fault lay.

Lie said veto power was the "sole expression of limitation in the Charter. . . However, this does not mean the United Nations are powerless. There is no way by which any nation, great or small, could go unpunished if it commits a serious breach of the Charter as long as all the other members are observers. . . . As long as the United Nations exist and function no state can maintain for any length of time an attitude which cannot be defended before world public opinion."

Gasperi Backs Sforza

Parliament To Meet Today For Presidential Election

ROME, May 9. (U.P.A.): Count Carlo Sforza, Foreign Minister in the de Gasperi Ministry and career diplomat, was made the majority choice tonight for election as President of the Italian Republic at the Parliament's joint meeting tomorrow.

Premier Alcide de Gasperi and his Christian Democrat Party, who hold more than one-half the total membership in the combined Senate and Chamber, backed Sforza over three Independent politicians.

President Enrico de Nicola, with whom de Gasperi has often disagreed, was opposed by the majority party and their Right Wing Socialist and Republican supporters. De Nicola, unassuming, modest lawyer, who never wanted to be Chief of State when he became provisional president in June, 1946, has "manoeuvred" out of the running for re-election.

The constitution, in a tribute to his work during the formative period of the new republic, has provided specifically that he will be recognized as the first president of the country as of January this year.

But as one of Italy's keenest jurists, painstaking in fulfilling even the minor duties of his office, he has often blocked de Gasperi's moves by refusing to yield on points of law.

'INTRANSIGENCE OF SOVIET BLOC

American Delegation Reports On Geneva Conference

WASHINGTON, May 9 (Reuter): The American delegation to the United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information at Geneva told Mr. George Marshall, Secretary of State, today that compromise with Russia on basic principles is "not only useless, but can be extremely dangerous."

In their report the delegation, which was headed by Mr. William Benton, former Assistant Secretary of State, praised the conference's "record of constructive achievement." They added: "At the same time more than a score of proposals and amendments which would have served to cripple freedom of expression, were decisively defeated."

Condemning the intransigence of the Soviet Bloc" at the meeting, they warned: "While recognising that compromise and adjustment with the Soviet Bloc are desirable and indeed essential in some fields, the non-totalitarian nations are apparently coming to realise that in areas involving deep-seated difference in fundamental principles, present attempts at compromise are not only useless, but can be extremely dangerous."

Victory Day Salvoes Against Wartime Allies

Soviet Flings Secret Plot Charge Against Britain France & America

LONDON, May 9. (Reuter): Russia began her Victory-in-Europe celebrations today by accusing Britain and the United States in a Moscow Radio broadcast of breaking their word over the second front and trying to drag out the last war so as to wear out the Soviet Union.

She also accused the Western Powers of encouraging Germany to go to war and then of conducting secret negotiations with Germany "with treacherous intent towards the Soviet Union".

VICTORY SALUTE

In an Order of the Day to celebrate the Russian "V. E." Day, Marshal Nikolai Bulganin, Soviet Minister for the armed forces, ordered a thirty-salvo artillery victory salute to be fired in Moscow and all Soviet republic capitals.

Countrywide celebrations were being held throughout the Union to mark the occasion, which coincides with the opening of the Moscow Summer Sports Season.

Moscow Radio in an English language broadcast said the Soviet people not only liberated their own country but also waged a heroic struggle for the re-establishment of peace and freedom in the whole of Europe.

OUT TO WEAKEN SOVIET UNION

"The reactionary circles of Britain and America were pursuing other goals. They considered as their main

(Continued on Page 2)

Solar Eclipse Tragedy

CALCUTTA, May 9 (API).—Two bathers in the River Hooghly in Calcutta on the occasion of the Solar Eclipse were drowned today and about two dozen others were missing at a late hour in the evening.

Large crowds gathered in the morning at the river for the sacred bath after the eclipse. Owing to the conjunction of Churamani Yoga, this eclipse was regarded as specially sacred and pilgrims had come from distant parts of the Province as well as from East Bengal.

FACTION FIGHT CRISIS IN LABOUR PARTY

Stage Set For "Show Down" At Annual Party Conference

LONDON, May 9, (Reuter): British Labour leaders, worried at the effect of Socialist Parliamentary indiscipline on the Government's authority, are preparing for a record "showdown" when the party's annual conference opens at Scarborough on May 17.

Party members, disturbed by the effect of recent group incidents, such as the Nenni telegram, and defiance of the veto on members attending the Hague United Europe Conference, predict clashes involving challenges with the Executive, criticism of Ministers and possibly a censure vote.

War Minister Emmanuel Shinwell, National Chairman of the Party, himself under fire for publicly criticising Government handling of nationalisation, may be the central figure of a big clash.

NENNI TELEGRAM

The atmosphere may build up to a labour domestic crisis in the intervening ten days. Parliament will debate on Thursday a Conservative motion demanding an All-Party Committee to investigate allegations that names may have been added to the list of signatories to the Nenni telegram without the permission of their owners.

The Government, however, will resist any suspected attempt to make political capital by taking the Nenni telegram investigation out of Labour party hands, and unless there is defection among its own supporters, will prevent this happening. But the Telegram issue will not be fully ventilated until the party conference probes it from every angle.

PURGE OF EXTREME ELEMENTS

Transcending in importance these recent sectional squabbles is the Party anxiety to purge itself of extreme elements and to discourage loyal supporters from identifying it with them—in Britain or elsewhere. Any executive measures taken with that object in view are therefore certain to be supported by the hard core of Labour loyalists. Moves to censure the executive would certainly provoke countermoves re-expressing confidence in the leaders.

CONGRESS OF EUROPE DECIDES TO "HURRY SLOWLY"

THE HAGUE, May 9. (Reuter): The Congress of Europe has chosen by a large majority to "hurry slowly" and not call for election of a European Parliament by universal suffrage before the end this year.

This temperance of speed was urged by Mr. Harold MacMillan, British Conservative M.P. and one of the British delegation. The Congress will pass a political resolution asking Parliaments of member nations to nominate representatives to a European Assembly to plan for eventual economic and political union of Europe.

The decision was the result of an all-day session of the Political Committee yesterday, which lasted from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 a.m. (local time) today, with interruptions only for meals.

Last night's session quickly resolved itself into a clash between those who believe Europe will take a live interest in European Union only if the peoples of Europe are themselves invited to elect a European Assembly and those who preferred to aim at a Nominated Constituent Assembly as more likely to be realised in practice.

Advocate of what was variously described as 'shock treatment" and "revolutionary tactics" was ex-Prime Minister of France, M. Paul Reynaud, whose resolution calling for a universally elected Assembly produced a debate in which the speeches for both sides at times reached a high level of eloquence.

His opponents came from two main camps.

In the British delegation, Mr. R. W. G. MacKay (Labour) and Mr. Harold MacMillan (Conservative) joined forces to urge the Congress to adopt a resolution which could be put before the Parliaments of Europe with a reasonable chance of success.

The Union of European Federalists Chairman, Dr. Henri Brugmans (Holland), opposed M. Reynaud's amendment, while welcoming its note of urgency, and swung the vote decisively against the motion.

LUCKNOW, May 9 (UPI).—In the interest of maintaining public order and communal harmony, the U.P. Government have prohibited the entry, into the United Provinces, of the magazine "Roohi Alam", printed and published in Rampur State, says a press-note issued by the Government.

24-Hour General Strike On S. I. Railway

MADRAS, May 9 (A.P.I.): A twenty-four-hour general strike on the entire system of the South Indian Railway from midnight tonight (May 9) has been called by the South Indian Railway Labour Union authorities in sympathy with the drivers and firemen at Mayavaram who have struck work from May 7 demanding eight-hour work a day.

The railway authorities have, therefore, advised all intending passengers by the South Indian Railway tonight not to undertake any journey unless they are sure that they will be able to reach their destinations before midnight tonight.

RAILWAY NOTIFICATION

The South Indian railway have issued the following notification this afternoon.

"The public are warned that there is likely to be a stoppage of train service from midnight tonight (May 9) they are therefore advised to refrain from travelling unless they can complete their journey by midnight."

MADURA ARRESTS

MADURA, May 9 (A.P.I.): Mr. Sivanadhay, railway guard and another railway employee both of whom are alleged to be active workers of the Communist controlled South Indian Railway Labour Union were arrested last evening under the Public Safety Act on a warrant issued by the Madura District Magistrate.

This morning, the Madura police arrested Mr. I. V. Subiah, alleged to be an active worker of the local Communist party under the Public Safety Act on a warrant issued by the District Magistrate.

Churchill Urges Europe To Unite Against Tyranny

AMSTERDAM, May 9, (U. P. A.): Winston Churchill, Honorary Chairman of the European Congress, today called on a wildly cheering crowd of 30,000 persons to work for a United Europe "whose physical strength will be such that none will dare to molest her tranquil soil."

He said, "As I look out over this country, I see the homes of a free and liberty loving people and I have a feeling that this ought not to be crushed by any form of totalitarian tyranny.

At no point in his loudly applauded speech which most seemed to understand, although it was in English, did Churchill mention either Communism or Soviet Russia by name. He did, however, make one sly, typically Churchillian remark which needed no interpretation.

EXTREMES OF TYRANNY

Extremes, he said, were said to be alike and the "extremes of tyranny are also alike. Now if you were to awaken at either the North Pole or the South Pole, you would not know at which you were. Both would be cold and you would hear wild winds blowing. The only difference, of course, might be that at one you would find more penguins and at the other more Polar bears."

In trying to unite Europe, Churchill said, it was "not against any race or against any nation that we range ourselves. But tyranny presents itself in various forms. It is the same thing whatever its name be and whatever livery it might wear."

Churchill paid a warm tribute to the United States. Again, applause broke out in the ancient square containing the Queen's Palace.

"The services of the great Republic of the United States, whose services to mankind command our gratitude, also command our full co-operation.

"Any alliance, whether between English or Dutch or others, will not be directed against any nation but against the powers of evil wherever they may be and whoever they may be."

POONA, May 9, (API): Mr. N. V. Gadgil, India's Minister for Works, Mines and Power is leaving Poona tonight on a visit of Hubli, Dharwar and Gadag.

He will meet the Karnatak Chamber of Commerce, Hubli on May 12 and return to Delhi on May 17.

Two New Swimming Records: Olympic Trials In Bengal

CALCUTTA, May 9 (API).—The All-India Swimming trials for selection of the India swimming team for the London Olympiad came off today under the joint auspices of the National Swimming Association and the Indian Swimming Federaton at the Azad Hind Bagh.

Sachin Nag came out with flying colours in the opening event, viz., 100 metres free style in which he surpassed the All-India record established by himself in 1941 and equalled by him in 1944 by 2 seconds.

Like Nag, Profulla Mullick also broke his own record timing of 3 minutes 5.5 seconds established in 1947 in salt water by 3|10 seconds.

Bengal did not put any woman contestant.

Three events High Board Diving (Women's) 200 metres free style relay, and 1500 metres free style (men) were not worked out owing to light having failed.

One waterpolo game, Bengal vs. Rest was played, in which the former won by six goals to one.

The following are the results of the trials:

100 METRES FREE STYLE (MEN): Sachin Nag (Bengal) 1; Dilip Mitra (Bengal) 2; I. Mansoor (Bombay) 3. Time: one min. 4 secs. (All-India record).

100 METRES FREE STYLE (WOMEN): P. Ballantyne (Bombay). Time: One min. 22 secs.

200 METRES BREAST STROKE (MEN): Profulla Mullick (Bengal) 1; N. Das (Bengal) 2. Time: Three min. 5-1|5 secs. (All-India record).

100 METRES BACK STROKE (MEN): K. T. Shah (Bombay) 1; Protip Mitra (Bengal) 2; B. Burman (Bengal) 3. Time: One min. 18-3|5 secs.

HIGH DIVING (MEN): Ashu Dutt (Bengal 70.91 points, 1; G. Mullick (Bengal) 65.46 points, 2; K. V. Ashar (Bombay) 64.55 points 3..

SPRING BOARD DIVING (MEN): Ashu Dutt (Bengal) 85.46 points, 1; G. Mullick (Bengal) 30.10 points, 2; S. Banerjee (Bengal) 51.93 points, 3.

400 METRES FREE STYLE (MEN): B. Chandra (Bengal) 1; Sachin Nag (Bengal) 2; I. Mansoor (Bombay) 3. Time: 5 min. 36-4|5 secs.

200 METRES BREAST STROKE (WOMEN): Miss Dolly Nazir (Bombay). Time: 3 min. 31-1|5 secs.

WATERPOLO: Bengal beat Bombay 6-1.

Netherlands Beats Portugal

THE HAGUE, May 8, (Reuter): The Netherlands, by winning the final two singles today, beat Portugal by five rubbers to nothing to enter the third round of the European Zone in the Davis Cup competition.

The results today were: H. Van Swol, Netherlands, beat C. Riccardi, Portugal, 6/4, 6/2, 6/4.

R. V. MecGeren, Netherlands, beat J. Roquettee, Portugal, 6/1 6/1, 6/3.

'Arbar' Wins One Million Francs

PARIS, May 9, (Reuter): Marcel Boussac's Arbar (Djebel-Astronomic) today won the one million francs Prix Du Cardon over two and a half miles at Longchamps by four lengths from Bayeux, with Tourment a further four lengths behind the third in a field of eight. All three carried nine stone.

Arbar won easily, drawing away from Bayeux in the straight.

Arbar, ridden by Charlie Elliot, started joint favourite with his stable companion Cadir, and paid twelve francs for a win and eleven for a place, both to ten franc stakes, on the Parimutuel.

"My Babu"

LONDON, May 9, (Reuter): The Maharaja of Baroda's "My Babu" favourite for the Derby, had a "day off" from work yesterday, and rumours were soon spreading that all was not well with him and that he was lame.

These rumours were scotched by the trainer, F. Armstrong and his Jockey, G. Smirke, both of whom started that the colt was "quite all right".

Daly Beats McNeill

SOUTHPORT, May 8 (Reuter): Fred Daly (Balmoral) Northern Ireland) the holder of the British open and match play golf championships today beat Ted McNeill, the young Irish professional, at Swinton Park, Manchester, by ten strokes in their 36-holes play-off for the Dunlop-southport title here.

Daly thus took the fist prize of £350, while McNeill received 250 pound for finishing runner up.

San Francisco County Handicap Race

SAN MATEO, (California) May 9. (Reuter): The Australian racehorse Shannon scored his first success in the United States when he won the San Francisco County Handicaps, with 10,000 dollars added, over one mile one and a half furlongs at Bay Meadowe here, yesterday, in the track record time of one minute 55 and three fifths seconds.

This was one fifth of a second faster than Sea Biscuit's time in 1936.

Shannon, ridden by Johnny Longden, won by ten lengths from his nearest rival.

INDIAN OLYMPIC FOOTBALL TEAM BEATEN

CALCUTTA, May 8 (API): The Indian Olympic football team lost today to a combined Mohan Bagan and East Bengal side by two goals to

MALWA UNION LEGISLATURE

Indore Elects 15 Representatives

INDORE, May 9 (UPI).—The Indore Legislative Council today elected its 15 representatives to the interim legislature of the newly-formed Madhya Bharat Union, including Jadhav Chand Jain, N. G. Kothari, Hakim Habibullah, N. H. Dravid, D. M. Parulekar, Sajjan Singh, V. Ishhar, V. V. Sarwate, V. S. Khode, Nandlal Joshi, V. V. Dravid, R. C. Jall, Lt. Col. Hiralal and others.

Manohar Singh Mehta, General Minister, lost in the election, and his two other colleagues, Mr. V. S. Sarwate, Education Minister, and Mr. K. A. Chitale, Commerce Minister, withdrew their candidature to maintain unity in the Praja Mandal ranks.

The Madhya Bharat Legislature will be composed of 75 members that is 40 to be elected from Gwalior, 15 from Indore and 20 from other covenanting States of Central India.

BHAVNAGAR SITUATION QUIET

BHAVNAGAR, May 9 (UPI).—Mr. Jadhavji Modi, Collector of Gohilvad Division, Saurashtra Government has issued the following 'communique' in connection with the disturbances in Bhavnagar:

"With the co-operation of citizens and Shanti Dal volunteers the situation continues to be quiet. Due to military and police 'bondobust' confidence is being restored. No case of attack or incident of disturbance has occurred from yesterday upto 9 a.m. today.

"Out of the injured persons in hospital one whose condition was serious died and the others are progressing well. In all there are 13 persons in hospital now.

"Since this morning the people are opening their shops and moving freely in the city."

NEW DELHI, May 9 (UPI).—The first annual conference of the Union of Posts and Telegraphs Workers, Delhi Provincial branch, will be held in Delhi on May 16. Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali will preside over the conference.

'Pride Of Hindustan'

Vinoba Bhave Opens House Of Worship For All Religions

KHANDWA, May 8, (API): Acharya Vinoba Bhave a disciple of Mahatma Gandhi addressing a mammoth gathering in Parvatibai Dharamshala Chowk on the occasion of the opening of the Shree Laxminarayan Mandir for all religions said "Vedic Dharma did not make any distinction between man and man and this is the teaching of every religion. During certain periods, Hindu religion was narrowed down but that too has disappeared. But now we should move still ahead and try to reconcile and coordinate various religions and thoughts. This has been the pride of Hindustan which has, from time to time, adopted different schools of thought".

SOVIET ATTACK ON WESTERN ALLIES

(Continued from Page 1.)

task in the war to sweep the world market of German competition, to weaken the Soviet Union.

"A serious threat hung over the Soviet Union. But this was of little concern to the Anglo-American reactionaries. They did all in their power to drag out the war and wear out the U.S.S.R. Their representatives conducted secret negotiations on a truce with Germany in the Autumn of 1941, and then again in 1942 and 1943, negotiations of treacherous intent towards the Soviet Union.

"Only when the Soviet armed forces inflicted irreparable losses on the Hitlerites, only when it became clear that the Soviet Union could occupy the whole of Germany by itself and liberate France, did the Anglo-American forces being their invasion of Western Europe".

The radio then said that long before the outbreak of war British, French and Americans helped Germany to restore her powerful war industry and encouraged her to take the road of aggression.

The Soviet people were vitally interested in a lasting and stable peace but were "encountering the opposition of the imperialists who are planning a new world shambles".

High Soviet army and navy officers yesterday attended the opening of an All-Union Printing, Sculpture, and Graphic Art Exhibition in Coscow devoted to the thirtieth anniversary of the Soviet Army.

Symbolism In Sienese Paintings

LONDON: (Reuter): The symbolism of fifteenth century Sienese paintings, comparable to the symbolism of fifteenth century Sienese stressed by Mr. John Pope-Hennessy in his new anthology entitled "Sienese Quattrocento Painting" just published by the Phaidon Presss here.

"Decorative and two-dimensional", he explains, in an introduction discussing 100 outstanding works by Giovani di Paolo, Francesco di Giorgio Nerescio, Vecchiata, and Sassetta, "these paintings are symbols of a supernatural world."

Lacking the humanity of the contemporary Venetian school and the formal composition of contemporary Florentine painters, these artists combine an atmosphere of "other worldliness" with human touches such as the lilies and ranucula and the rabbits playing round the feet of the Saints in Giovanni di Paolo's "Paradise"; or in Sassetta's "Mystic Marriage of St. Francis" to Poverty who, as she flies heavenward with her sister Virtues Chastity and Obedience, looks back at her spouse. Or again, in Giovanni di Paolo's "Salome with the Head of St. John the Baptist" which shows Salome, as the horrible head is revealed causing most of those present to avert their eyes, placing her scarf on the table and beginning to dance.

Then there are stark works like the Fransesco di Giorgio's "Atlas" showing Titan with arms tense under the weight which heaven with all its stars presses upon him and right leg erect above the axis of the world—a flat world—which he rotates with his free foot or Giovanni di Paolo's "Triumph of Death" showing a horrible, clawed skeleton, equipped with scythe and other arms, astride a charging horse; or Sassetia's "Scourging of St. Anthony", in which even the tree trunks are writhing in agony.

The 100 photographs which form the Anthology include reproductions of the most famous works by these Sienese artists now in Museums at Washington, New York, and Yale University; the National Gallery and British Museum in London; the Musee Conde at Chantilly in France and the Louvre in Paris; and various Churches and Galleries in Siena itself.

Summing up the influence of these Quattrocentro Sienese artists, Mr. Pope-Hennessy concludes his introduction with the words:

"Had they never lived, the course of Western painting would not have been materially different from that which it in fact pursued.

For this reason, Sienese artists of the fifteenth century were long regarded with suspicion and resentment as dilettanti who lacked the moral stamina to make their own small offerings to progress.

"It may well be that the elusive beauties of Sienese Quattrocento painting demand a special quality of unprejudiced attention; but to those who are prepared to accept the pictures illustrated in this book as the ideal concepts they were designed to be, the artists of the Quattrocento, with their purity, refinement and restraint, with the sustained beauty of their images and the fastidious elegance of their technique must become a source of pleasure as elevated and as lasting as any to be gained from Western art."

PUNJAB AND U. P. PRODUCE THREE-FIFTH OF INDIAN WHEAT CROP

Central Agricultural Marketing Department's Report

NEW DELHI, May 9, (A.P.I.): "The Punjab and the United Provinces together constituted 50.1 per cent of the total area under wheat and 67.5 per cent of the area in British India. Next in importance were the Central Provinces, Bombay and Sind", states the supplement to the report on the marketing of wheat in India issued by the Central Agricultural Marketing Department.

Since the end of the World War I, India has played an insignificant part in the world wheat trade. Her exports have steadily going down. As against an average of 3 per cent of the wheat crop exported during the 4 years preceding World War No. II, in the quinquennium ending 1943-44 exports dwindled to 11.3 per cent of the annual production. During this period imports were also low.

On the whole, wheat acreage in India has been inelastic. The highest acreage was in 1937-38 with 36.1 million acres. Thereafter there was a gradual decrease but from 1940-41 onwards there had been an increase in acreage and in 1942-43 there was a record crop of 11.2 million tons as against an average 10.4 million tons.

The irrigated wheat acreage was 20 per cent of the total irrigated area in India in 1937-38 and formed over 3.45 per cent of the total area under wheat. In British India there has been no appreciable change since then in the main producing areas.

The estimated area under improved wheats had increased from 6.5 million acres in 1934-35 to 10 million acreas in 1953-44. The Punjab has the largest area under improved wheat viz., over 6 million acreas out of a total of 10 million.

The Punjab and the U.P. produce about three-fifths of the Indian crop, their combined production being more than 60 per cent although their share in acreage is only 50 per cent. This is mainly because of the higher yields obtainable on account of the greater percentage of improved wheats grown, and better irrigation facilities.

The report states that during 1941-42 and 1942-43 there has been an all round decrease in the per capita consumption of wheat, as compared to the previous 10 years. This decrease has been most marked in Delhi, C.P. Bombay and Bengal, the main cause of which is the increased population, with which production has not kept pace and the increased demand by Defence Services. Sind registered a steep rise in the 'per capita' consumption, obviously because of the marked increase in production.

INDIA'S CUTURAL AMBASSADOR

PATNA, May 8 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. S. Aney, Governor of Bihar, inaugurating the observance of the Tagore Week here this morning said that he had no hesitation in saying that the efforts made by the Poet to represent India and her great, grand and glorious culture in distant lands as her cultural ambassador contributed materially to the emancipation of India from her political bondage in 1947.

Dealing on the various constructive activities of Rabindranath, Mr. Aney said that the most important one from the national point of view was the establishment of the Vishwa-bharati.

'Lincoln' Bombers On 'Red Lion' Exercise

COLOMBO, May 9 (Reuter):: Four 'Lincoln' bombers taking part in exercise 'Red Lion' II left the R.A.F. airfield at Negombo early this morning on their final manoeuvre—a bombing "raid" on an island off Penang. The squadron is due to reach Tengah airfield, Singapore, this evening.

Two exercises were carried out while in Ceylon—one last Wednesday when a squadron flew to a marked spot off Gan Island in the Maldivian Archipelago. The second exercise, on Thursday, was a night sortie on Car Nicobar, in the Indian Ocean, aimed at testing the navigational efficiency of the crew.

SPAIN TO GIVE UP LOOTED GERMAN GOLD

WASHINGTON, May 8 (U.P.A.): Spain today agreed to give up all looted German gold in its possession, the State Department announced.

The announcement said also that an agreement had been reached among Spain, Britain, France, and the United States whereby Spain will give up all German assets in addition to the looted gold.

The accord is expected to be signed in Madrid on May 10.

OOTACAMUND, May 9, (API): India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, on behalf of the Government of India, will give a state banquet to the delegates of the United Nations Economic Commission on June 1 at the Mysore Palace, it is learnt.

Pandit Nehru, during his stay at Ootacamund, will be the guest of the Governor of Madras.

'Reds' To Launch Large-Scale Offensive In Manchuria

GOVERNMENT LIFE-LINE TO BE MAIN OBJECTIVE

NANKING, May 9 (Reuter).—General Choa Chi-Hsing, Chief of Staff to the Manchurian Commander, General Wei Li-Huang, left Nanking by air today for Mukden with new instructions from Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, and new war preparations by both Communist and Nationalist armies gathered speed, according to pro-Government despatches.

General Choa, during a brief stop at Peiping, told reporters that the Communists' eighth offensive was likely to be launched very soon and probably be on a larger scale than that of last winter.

He added that Communist troops movements would be severely hampered because of heavy destruction of rolling stock in recent air attacks.

MAIN OBJECTIVE

The West Liao-Ning Corridor—the Government's Manchurian life-line—is expected to be the main objective of the Communist commander, General Lin-Pao, in the first phase of the offensive.

His armies are said to be massing well-equipped young troops near the Government citadel of Eminchow on the Peking-Mukden railway 120 miles south-west of Mukden.

He is also reported to be concentrating large columns for an attempt to cripple the Peking-Chengtej-Hankow Railway and thus prevent the Chinghow front being reinforced.

Other Communists units are said to be infiltrating south of the Great Wall with the aim of attacking Government communications from the rear.

GOVERNMENT OFFENSIVE

In their counter-move, the Government are reported to have retaken several strongholds west of Chinchow, which are considered essential to the Government's defence plan.

This action followed the arrival in Chinchow of General Fan Han-Chich, the new deputy commander in Manchuria and an expert in mechanised warfare.

LUCKNOW, May 9 (UPI).—The U.P. Legislative Council yesterday passed the U.P. Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation of Refugee Bill, 1948, and the U.P. Sales Tax Amendment Bill, 1948, as passed by the U.P. Legislative Assembly.

AMRUTANJAN

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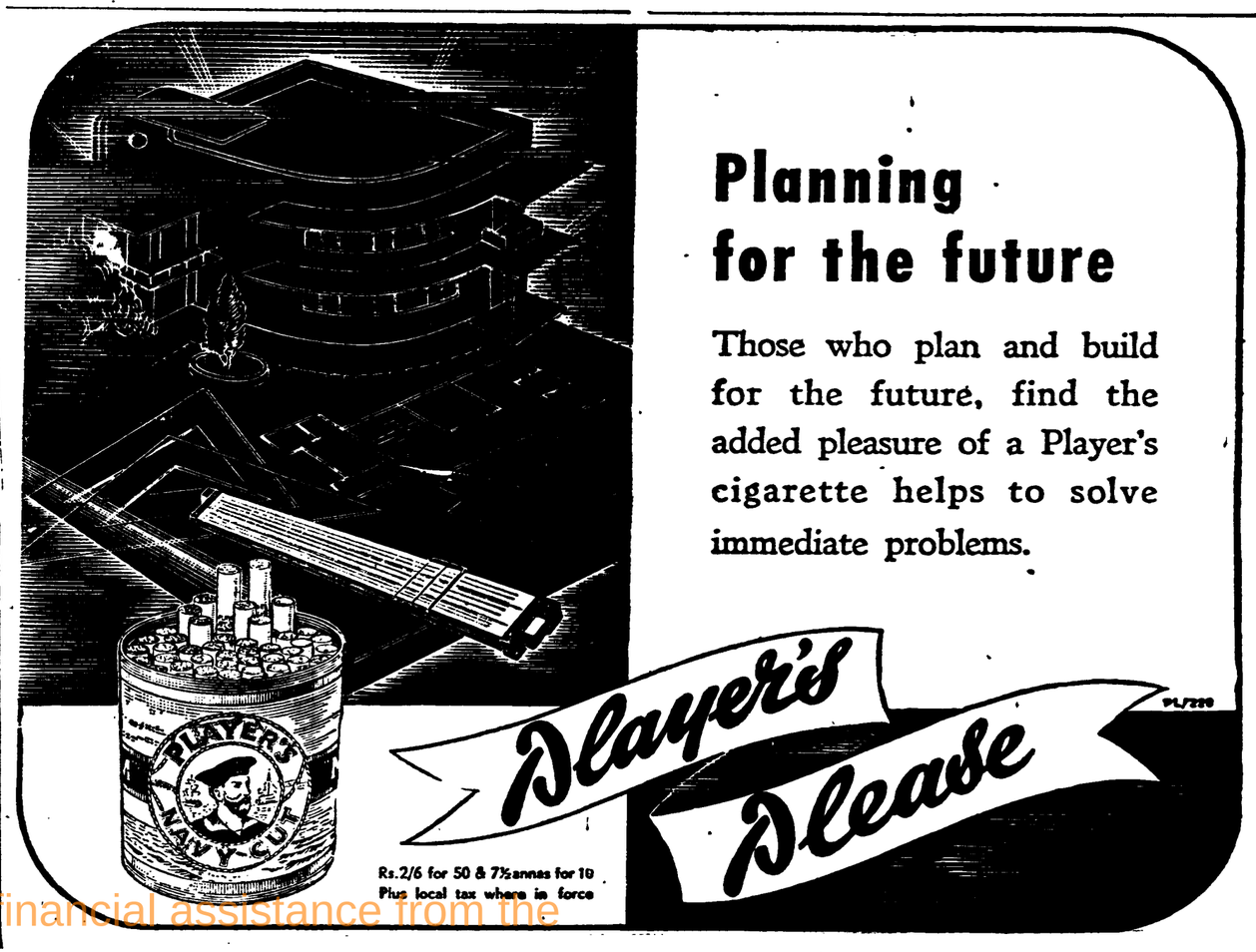

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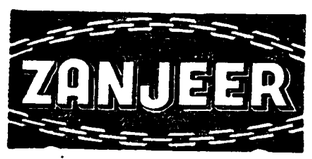

with Begum Para, Balwant Singh and K. N. Singh. Jagdish Sethi Latika and Gope
at KRISHNA
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
A LIBERTY ART release

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Shud 1, 2004.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 29, 1367.
Parsi: Ader 10, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-6 a.m. Sunset: 19-4 p.m.
Hightide: 00-10, 13-8.
Lowtide: 06-22, 19-03.

To-day's Engagements

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: 2-40 p.m. (S. T.).
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3-40 p.m. (S. T.).
INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: First quarterly meeting of members today (Monday), at 4-0 p.m. in Office of Chamber.
DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today (Monday), at 6-15 p.m., at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines. Dasturji Framroze Bode will answer all questions on religious, spiritual and ethical subjects.

Government House News

MAHABALESHWAR, Saturday May 8.
The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh received Sir Jagannath and Lady Sathe.
The Governor received the Hon'ble Mr. K. S. Firodia.

Cinematograph Exhibitors' Association

BOMBAY, May 8.
The second annual meeting of the Cinematograph Exhibitors' Association of India was held on May 6, when the annual report and balance sheet and statement of accounts for 1947 were adopted.
The following have been elected as Executive Committee members for 1948:—
Mr. B. D Eharucha, (President), Mr. S. G. Patvardhan, (Vice-President), Mr. J. C. Patel, (Hon. Treasurer), and Messrs. C. J. Desai, K. N. Mehta, V. A. Mudholkar, D. S. Chumble, P. S. Kuka, K. V. Desai, M. N. Dalal, P. H. Sidhwa, K. M. Modi, Abdul Ali, S. N. Kotwal, D. B. Mehta, M. S. Patel, Surjit Chhabda, (the last two being co-opted).

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 9, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from April 1, 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on May 9, 1948:—
Ahmedabad 103 80 0 0 minus 0.2, Ahmednagar 105 70 0 0.1 minus 0.4 Allahabad 110 84 0 0 minus 0.2, BOMBAY 91 81 0 0 0, Calcutta 93 80 0 2.3 minus 0.9, Delhi 107 82 0 0 minus 0.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 106 81 0 2.1 minus 1.3, Indore 103 79 0 0.1 0, Lucknow 106 83 0 0 minus 0.4, Madras 101 81 0 0.7 0, Mahabaleshwar 84 62 0 0.3 minus 1.0, Mysore 92 71 T 5.6, plus 1.6, Nagpur 113 79 0 0.5 minus 0.2, Patna 97 76 0 0.4 0, Poona 100 72 0 0 minus 0.7, Sholapur 98 75 0 0.1 minus 0.6, Simla 76 64 0 1.9 minus 0.4, Srinagar 71 51 1.0 — —.
WEATHER SUMMARY.
Following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, May 9, 1948:—
Observations from north-east India, Pakistan and north-west India are very meagre. Yesterday's secondary low over north Rajputana is probably moving north-eastwards through north-east Rajputana and the south-east Punjab.
Thunderstorm: Rain has been widespread in Assam, sub-Himalayan, Bengal and Mysore. There have been also local thundershowers in Eastern Pakistan and Chota Nagpur and scattered thundershowers in the south Bombay Deccan, the Madras Presidency and the extreme south Konkan.
Day temperatures continued to be above normal from the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan to the Central Provinces, being markedly so in the north Punjab and the east Central Provinces.
FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE 10TH EVENING: Thunderstorm-rain will be widespread in Assam, sub-Himalayan, Bengal and Mysore. Local thundershowers are also likely in Eastern Pakistan and Malabar and a few thundershowers elsewhere in North-East India, in and near the hills of the west United Provinces and the East Punjab, in lower Kashmir the south-east Central Provinces the south Konkan, the south Deccan, the Madras Presidency outside Malabar.
Strong dust-raising winds are likely in lower Sind.
Temperatures will continue above normal from the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan to the Central Provinces.
HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain likely to continue in and near the Khasi hills during the next 36 hours.

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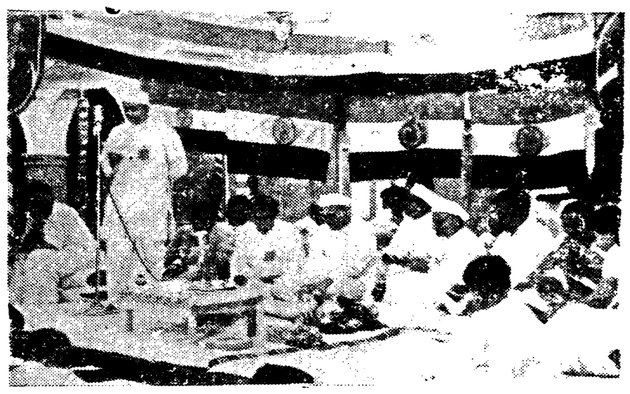

Maha Gujarat Youth Couference was held at Madhav Baug on Saturday evening when Dr. Hariprasad presided. Picture shows Mr. Narbheram, chairman of the Reception Committee delivering the welcome address.

Protection For Ferro-Silicon

Revenue Duty Converted: Government And Tariff Board Reports

The Government of India's resolutions on the Indian Tariff Board's reports dealing with claims to protection by industries producing Ferro-Silicon, Steel Belt Lacing and Fire Hose are published in today's Gazette of India (Extraordinary).
The Board's principal recommendation in respect of the Ferro-Silicon and Steel Belt Lacing industries is that the existing revenue duties of 18-3/4 per cent and 10 per cent respectively should be converted into protective duties at the same rates.
With regard to the Fire Hose industry, however, the Board has held that, as the quality of the product of the indigenous industry has not proved acceptable to important classes of consumers in India, no protection or assistance need be given to the industry.
The Government of India have accepted the principal recommendations of the Tariff Board in respect of the Ferro-Silicon and Fire Hose industries.
With regard to Steel Belt Lacing, they have decided that the case for protection should be referred back to the Tariff Board for re-examination in the light of factors arising out of the partition of the country as the principal producers are now in Pakistan

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Monday, May 10.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. V. T. Sathe 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Sitar Solo by Azimkhan 8-45 V. T. Sathe 12-0 p.m. Bahnon Kellye 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Geet Manjari 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Marek Weber and his Orchestra 2-5 Mischa Levitzki 2-20 San Francisco Symphony Orchestra 4-20 Sundrabai 4-40 S. R. Naik 5-0 Muralidhar Sarif 5-15 Kesarbai Bandodkar 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Sundrabai 6-30 S. R. Naik 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 G. V. Damle 7-30 Apnan Lok Geeto—Shram Geeto 7-45 Raas 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Jagannathbuwa Purohit 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Art Time Talk in English by Dr. D. G. Vyas 10-0 Jagannathbuwa Purohit 10-30 Kesarbai Bandodkar.
VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Bhavpradhan Geeten 5-45 p.m. Indukumar Parekh 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Indukumar Parekh 8-15 G. V. Damle 9-0 Kesarbai Bandodkar 10-0 On with the Dance.

PUBLIC SECURITY ACT CRITICISED

Gujerat Yuvak Sammelan's Resolution

BOMBAY, Sunday.
The Maha Gujerat Yuvak Sammelan which concluded its two-day session today at the Madhav Baug demanded that Gujerat, Kathiawar and Cutch which were connected economically, culturally and linguistically should come under one administrative unit. Dr. Hariprasad V. Desai, Congress leader of Gujerat presided.
The Conference criticised the policy of fixing up lucrative privy purses for the princes and said that the States Ministry should reconsider this problem bearing in mind the poverty of India. It also drew the attention of the Government that many princes had transferred States properties to their names and asked it to take immediate action.
Opposing the Public Security Measures Act of the Bombay Government and the similar policy of the Saurashtra Government, the Conference said that these Governments had trampled upon the elementary rights of citizens. It assured the Governments that the youths were ready to offer their wholehearted support during emergency.
A resolution deprecating communalism in the national life demanded that there should be no place for communalists in the Central or provincial cabinets, that the national problems should not be looked from communal angle and institutions, libraries scholarships and sports run on communal lines should be stopped.
Earlier, the Conference paid homage to Mahatma Gandhi, liberator of India and prophet of peace and called upon youths to complete the unfinished task of the Father of India.
Tributes were paid to the statesmanship and determination of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel for effectively bringing together the scattered States and strengthening India.

FIRST INDIAN COMMODORE

NEW DELHI, May 8, (U.P.I.). The first Indian to be promoted to a high rank in the Royal Indian Navy is Captain A. Chakravarti, R.I.N., Chief of Staff, Naval Headquarter India, who has just been made a Commodore
Commodore Chakravarti has distinguished war service and he was mentioned in despatches during the mine-sweeping operations off Burma and Malayan coast. Since June 1947, he has held the appointment of Chief of Administration at the Naval Headquarters and has, in addition, been officiating as the Chief of Staff since March this year.

ENGINEERING SERVICES EXAMINATION RESULTS

The following is the list of candidates who have qaulified in the Engineering Seryices Examination held by the Federal Public Service Commission in September 1947. The fact that a candidate has obtained qualifying marks at the examination does not confer any guarantee of actual appointment.

I.R.S.E.

P. M. Narasimha Murthy (231); R. M. Ogale 117); C. S. Satyanarayana Rao (322); P. Varadachari (279); K. Ramaswamy (336); Vergheese Anver (126); Sarukkai Sarath (122); P. N. Mohile (68); S. N. Joglekar (325); A. A. Rego (40); L. C. Vaswani (93); K. V. Radhakrishnan (157); N. M. Shah (17); Kesharee Chandra Priyadarshee (205); D. V. Venkata Subban (273); T. N. Ramachandran (155); B. P. Sastry (70); D. N. Basak (302); C. Madhavan (45); D. G Dhavalikar (15); J. P. Moorjani (90); R M. Advaney (26); K. P. Ramalingam (128); M. G. Shah (199); Manchar Lal Khullar (88); A. B. Ribeiro (180); K. Subrahmanyam (319); Kisheri Lal Puri (146); B. C. Chowdiah (378); Rajendra Swaroop Madan (277); Anil Bhusan Banerjee (7); J. R. K. Prasad (103); N. Dharma Rajan (105); V. Jagannadha Rao (421); K. Sreenivasan (158); R. Lakshmi Pati Raju (67); Babington Pon D. Samuel (327), V. A. P. Rao (354); Rahmatullah Khan (385); Asin Kumar Mukhopadhyay (78); P. S. Navani (151); Abhimanyu Nand Keolyar (259); S. P. Gonda (184); George Itty Vurgese 243); Bhalchandra S. Rao (9); P Rajagopalan (94); R. V. Mantri (137); Rashid Ahmed (130); H B. Gajria (238); K. N Das Gupta (37). K. S. Davar (31); B. A. Satyanarayana (112); S. Panchapagesan (172).

S.E.D. OF STATE RAILWAYS

Sarakkai Sarath (122); L. O. Vaswani (93); P. Varadchari (279); K. C. Priyadarshee (205); D. N. Basak (302); Rajendra Swaroop Madan (277); K. Subrahmanyam (319); K. P. Ramalingam (128); Kishori Lal Puri (146); K. Sreenivasan (158); Manohar Lal Khullar (88); V. A. P Rao (354); Abhimanyu Nand Keolyar (259); S. Panchpagesan (172); R Subramanian (337); K. S. Ganesh (305); N. V. Sreenivasa Murthy (324).

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

Sarakkai Sarath (122); L. C. Vaswani (93); P. Varadachari (279); K. C. Priyadarshee (205); D N. Basak (302); Rajindra Swaroop Madan (277); K. Subrahmanyam (319); K. P. Ramalingam (128); Kishori Lal Puri (146); K. Sreenivasan (158); Manohar Lal Khuller (88); V A. P. Rao (354); Abhimanyu Nand Keolyar (259); K. S. Ganesh (305); S. Panchapagesan (172); R. Subramanian (337); C. V. Vegnanaraynan (89); N. V. Sreenivasa Murthy (324).

TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING SERVICE

Sarukkai Sarath (122); P. Varadachari (279); L. C. Vaswani (93); K. Lakshmana Reddi (213); C S Satyanarayana Rao (322); D N Basak (302); K. C. Priyadarshee (205); K. Subrahmanyam (319); Manohar Lal Khullar (88); K. P Ramalingam (128); Kishori Lal Puri (146); C. Madhavan (45); P. Rajagopalan (94); M. M. Wagle (331); K. C Ramadoss (73); V. A. P. Rao (354); Abhimanyu Nand Keolyar (259); Anil Bhusan Banerjee (7); K. S. Ganesh (305), S. Panchapagesan (172); K Sreenivasan (158); B. K. Madhavan Nair (77); C. V. Yagnanarayanan (89); A. Ramanathan (98).

INSURE SUCCESS OF PROHIBITION

L. M. Patil's Appeal To Prohibition Guards

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Mr. L. M. Patil, Excise Minister, Government of Bombay, addressing a meeting of the Prohibition Guards and their Officers Commanding held on the Council Hall lawns today appealed for their full support and co-operation in ensuring the success of the Government's prohibition programme. The Minister said that their duties were not confined merely to reporting cases of infringement of prohibition rules but they should also do propaganda and educate the people on the evils of drink.
Mr. Patil was confident about the success of their programme adding that prohibition failed in America because the evil of drink was more deeply rooted there than in India.
Prohibition Guards who assembled in large numbers from Greater Bombay provided a programme of variety entertainment mainly consisting of songs depicting the evils of drink.

BIHAR-ORISSA TUSSLE OVER TWO STATES

NEW DELHI, May 9, (API): A State Ministry's spokesman stated today that no decision has yet been taken in regard to the merger of Seraikel and Kharsawan states.
It will be recalled that both Bihar and Orissa have contended that these states should be merged in the respective province The State Ministry is now considering this problem and consultations are going on with the Provincial Government and the States concerned.

FURTHER RISE IN WHOLESALE PRICES

NEW DELHI, May 9, (API): Whole sale prices in India, as measured by the economic adviser's index, witnessed a further rise of 0.5 per cent during the week ended April 17, 1948, and the index which stood at 348.11 (base: year ended August 1939-100) was 2.1 per cent more than that of a month ago and 20.9 per cent higher than that of the corresponding week of last year, says a press note.

Increase In Food Rations For Refugees

NEW DELHI, May 9, (A.P.I.): The Government of India have decided to increase the food rations for refugees in refugee camps by the additional supply of two ounces maize or gram atta, two ounces of parched grams and 1/2 oz of gur.
The scale of food ration will now stand as under:—Atta 10 oz, maize or gram atta 2 oz. parched gram 2 oz. dal one oz. vegetable gree or oil 1/2 oz. salt and condiments 1/2 oz. gur or sugar 1/2 oz. Milk for children per day below twelve years and for nursing and expectant mothers one pound.

Facilities For Harijans In Gwalior

GWALIOR, May 7:— With a view to raise the cultural, financial and social status of Harijans, the Lashkar Municipality has provided certain facilities for them and has appealed to the public to change their attitude towards these so-called untouchables and treat them with love and brotherliness as they form a useful limb of the social body.
The Municipality has decided to give the advantage of provident fund to Harijans like other employees. Appointment of Harijans as clerks is also being considered and to this end a Harijan is already being trained for a clerical post.
Arrangements have also been made for imparting education to them and when they are educated higher posts in the Municipality will be given to them.

DR. MATHAI IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, May 9, (API): Dr. John Matthai, Minister for Railways, arrived in Calcutta this morning from Cuttack. Enroute, at Kharagpur, he inspected the B. N. Railway locomotive workshop. Dr. Matthai leaves for Tatanagar after a couple of days stay here.

U. P. BAN ON 'PEOPLE'S AGE'

LUCKNOW, May 8, (API): The entry of the English weekly "People's Age" printed and published in Bombay, in the United Provinces has been banned by the U. P. Government.
The Government have also prohibited the entry into the Province of the Urdu monthly magazine 'Roshani Alam", printed and published in Rampur State.

INCREASED GOODS TRAFFIC ON INDIAN RAILWAYS

NEW DELHI, May 9:— The steadily mounting demand on India's rail transport today and how this is being met by advance planning by the Central Board of Transport, is reflected in the increased goods traffic of recent months as compared with that of the last quarter of 1947 Despite the general traffic dislocation resulting from partition, the railways have carried 4,92,451 wagons of essential supplies in March 1948 as against 3,69,694 wagons last October an increase of 1,22,757 wagons.

N. R. Sarkar

CALCUTA, May 8, (A.P.I.): Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarker, West Bengal Finance Minister, is slightly better today, though there is still a little temperature and penicillin treatment is being continued. Dr B. C. Roy, Premier of West Bengal, examined Mr. Carker this morning.

M. E. S. Officers Injured

Sequel To Altercation With Railway Staff

BOMBAY, Sunday:
Two Officers of the Military Engineering Stores Department were injured in an altercation between a party of M.E.S. men and a watchman at the Kandivali Station to-night.
It is stated that a party of the M.E.S. men returning with their families after a picnic got down at the Kandivali Station at 8-30 p.m. It is said that as the party were crossing the railway crossing watchman demanded tickets from women in the party. They told him that they had surrendered the tickets to the Section Master at the station. Heated arguments followed between him and the male members of the party.
Later, it is alleged the watchman collected his friends and hit the M.E.S. men with lathis. According to a report, two officers Mr. J. P. Talwar Assistant Stores officer and Mr. Ramdas sustained serious injuries and were removed to hospital.
The Bandra Railway Police is making inquiries.

Problems Facing Public Services Commission

NEW DELHI, May 9, (A.P.I.): A conference of members of the Federal and Chairmen of the Provincial Public Services Commission was held in New Delhi yesterday, Mr H K. Kripalani, Chairman of the Federal Public Services Commission, presided
It is understood that various problems facing the Public Services Commission were discussed with special reference to the provision in the draft constitution relating to Public Service Commission.

NO. 4 OF A SERIES

A monument to a movement

"Boycott British Goods." "Boycott Foreign Goods." "Buy Indian, Be Indian." "Support Indian Industries." Like wild battle-cries, these slogans rent the air in the early thirties, and made themselves keenly felt in every walk of life. They thrilled the patriots—men and women alike—and taking deeper roots in their hearts, goaded them into actions which presaged a new outlook, a new spirit and a new era in our struggle for freedom.

Among the patriotic business men, who came under the sway of the great Swadeshi Movement, was the late Seth Narsee Monjee. Fascinated by the possibilities of indigenous tobacco industry, he set out to pioneer and founded Golden Tobacco Company in 1930.

GTC GOLDEN TOBACCO COMPANY
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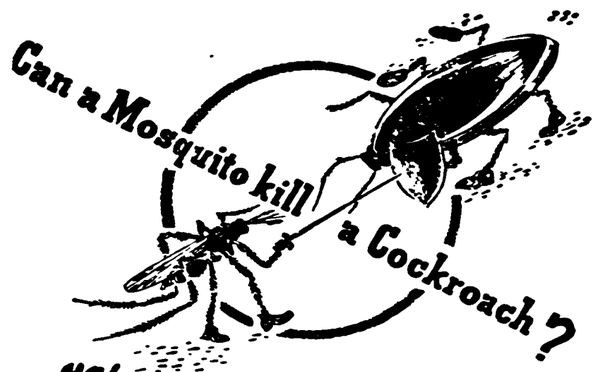

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ABARTS RB 473

The Bombay Chronicle

No one is more worthless than he who seeks a friend for any reason except friendship.

—*JAMI.*

TEXTILE FAST AND LOOSE

The Tariff Board is not to be envied for the task set to it by Government resolution of 6th March. This resolution asks the Tariff Board to inquire into the cost of production of the various types of cloth and yarn produced and to estimate fair ex-mill prices for them, and to devise a suitable method for necessary adjustments so as to allow for major fluctuations. As the Chairman of the Board pointed out in his speech to the representatives of the textile industry, conditions in mills are so diverse and the range of products so varied that it is by no means easy to select a representative mill for any class. The Chairman also referred to the absence of standard, or for that matter, any, costing in a large number of mills That an industry which has been constantly appealing for protection over a period of a generation and has been at least under a nominal control for nearly five years should be without the basic costs figures is a revealing commentary, on the one hand, on the weak and purposeless policy followed by the State and, on the other, on the utterly unhelpful and selfish attitude of the industry Difficult as the technical task set to the Tariff Board is, we do not doubt that it will fulfil it with technical correctness, though this may take some time and may necessitate special powers. We feel, however, that on this occasion no 'ad hoc' compromise should be arrived at with the industry. The textile industry is in more senses than one the 'sick man' of the national economy, none the less worrying to the nation because of the patient having walked away with all the indulgence in the past The future success of Government's industrial policy will depend on how they handle the textile interests who though completely devoid of any sense of social responsibility know all the tricks of confusing the issue and pulling off a favourable interim settlement.

The Tariff Board should in our opinion give up the approach through representative mills Their inquiry should be at least an attempt at exhaustive survey through independent experts. We are certain that any such wide survey will reveal a large-scale disparity in costs among the mills. Cotton prices, wages, prices of accessories—these can be easily recorded. But the efficiency factor, to which the Chairman of the Tariff Board drew pointed attention, is not capable of measurement by an easy yardstick. This disparity which is a striking feature of the organization of our mills, the least efficient among which have learnt to expect the right of profitable survival at the cost of the community, will not fail to emphasize the justification of an equalization fund suggested by the Commodity Prices Board. While the task of the Tariff Board is technical and factual, the Board is now fortunately aware of the dictum, 'Facts are Faith' and for its part it seems to be determined to suggest a comprehensive policy so as to ensure the fulfilment of the objects that Government have in view. Even here the task of the Board is none too easy. It is well nigh impossible to understand what the policy of Government is. If they believe in the wisdom of decontrol, it is a trifle ingenuous to expect that the mills and trade will not follow the now well-known path of piling their millions while the spell of decontrol lasts. A government which deliberately decontrols cloth, known not only to be in short supply but in actually dwindling supply, ought to have been prepared for a sharp rise in prices. The Mill-owners have made pious promises and will naturally throw the blame on the distributors and the speculators, though everybody knows that these distributors and speculators are none other than the mill-owners themselves and their friends. Any attempt now made either to introduce partial control, or to share the ill-got spoils or even to inflict draconic punishments will not succeed against the inexhorable law of demand and supply. Having deliberately created a free market, let the Government stick to the implications of the free market. Let them do for cloth what they did for grain. Let them not only permit but encourage foreign imports. The inquiry of the Tariff Board will reveal a cost figure which will be representative of a well-managed mill. Let the tariff policy be so adjusted as to render the import of foreign cloth free so long as such a mill can sell at a reasonable price. If the Government show enough strength over a long period to operate a free economy even that has its compensations But if Government begin to play fast and loose with their economic policy, the consumer and the honest producer lose all along the line. Let us hope that vacillation will not be carried so far by the Government who have already registered many a turn of topsy-turviness in their policy

While we urge that the policy of decontrol should be carried to its logical limit, in internal as well as external trade, if it is to be effective, we should not be understood to advocate a policy of decontrol. We have consistently opposed the decontrol policy of Government as not only premature but as inimical to the professed objective of planned industrialization. The inflationary trends which it was hoped would gradually vanish after the return of peace, have actually been accentuated by several unforeseen factors, internal and international. Not only the restoration, but the strengthening of war-time anti-inflationary measures is now called for. The vicious spiral of wages and prices, of prices of raw materials and finished products, and of excess purchasing power and rising prices—all these cannot be reconciled with the interests of national productivity and social justice except by a policy of controlled production and distribution. While we may not desire to go the full length of an immediate nationalization of the textile industry, we do feel that a strict control over production is the first step in any sound policy. Even this control, to be worthwhile, must be accompanied by a policy of control over the prices of essential commodities which will pave the way for a policy of regulation of wages. The intrinsic merits of the situation justify for our country the adoption of the same policy of economic regulation which has been adopted in U.K. and U.S.A., and which in fact has been upheld on the ideological plane by the Prime Minister himself in a recent debate in the Indian Parliament. It is for Government to consider whether they are strengthening their position in the country by playing fast and loose with the common man's interests or whether it would be preferable to declare a bold policy of national economic regulation and work steadily to implement it.

Persisting In Provocation

Of the many counter-charges against India that Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan, Leader of the Pakistan delegation to the United Nations, made before that body and repeated with tireless persistence, the most fantastic, the most absurd, is the charge of genocide. From the manner in which not only Sir Muhammad on this occasion, but a number of Pakistan representatives on various international bodies have repeated the word 'ad nausem,' genocide seems to possess an unhealthy fascination for the spokesmen of Pakistan. The reply of Mr. M. K. Vellodi, India's spokesman to that part of the charge at the latest meeting of the Security Council was a model of moderation and under statement. There has been large-scale violence. That regrettable fact need not be concealed. But the outburst of violence is the direct result of the preachings of the Muslim League. And, secondly, the killing has been on both sides. This point, India's spokesmen did not rub in and very wisely too. Because there are in India today fully forty million Muslims. And, although not one Non-Muslim refugee is likely to return to West Pakistan, a steady stream of Muslims are returning to India. Sir Mahummad's charges do not constitute a grateful return to the Muslims in India, for the part they played in bringing Pakistan into being. The provocative charges made against India amount to a cynical disregard of the 40 millions whom Pakistan has already disowned. And now Sir Muhammad would put them in jeopardy because of what he and men of his way of thinking conceive to be the interests of Pakistan.

Fortunately, however, the mischievous import of the utterances of Pakistan's spokesman, is neutralised, and so far effectively neutralised, by the steady determination and far-sighted wisdom of India's leaders. The Muslim in India knows that no fear of genocide need panic him out of his bed. He knows that he is an equal citizen of India enjoying the same rights as the member of any other community. The same cannot be said of the non-Muslim in Pakistan. Despite the assurances of Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan, the Premier of Pakistan, and other leaders, the Non-Muslims continue to move out of Pakistan. This is chiefly because the position of the Non-Muslim in Pakistan still awaits constitutional definition. Many recent events and utterances of the leaders of Pakistan have given rise to the fear that those in authority in Pakistan think of that State not only as consisting of a single community but even of a single political party. If this notion is allowed to persist and gain strength, Pakistan will be virtually guilty of political genocide. The Pakistan Constituent Assembly has been called to meet at Karachi on May 15. That body has to settle many constitutional problems. Not the least important of them is the formulation of Pakistan's policy towards the minorities. If Pakistan's spokesmen abroad, like Sir Muhammed Zafrulla, are not to be guilty of rank hypocricy, if Pakistan is not to place in jeopardy the peaceful life of the 40 million Muslims of the Indian Union. if Pakistan has regard for its own future, it must give up its provocative tactics and display some wisdom and a greater sense of responsibility.

The A. I. C. C. Session

All spectacular sessions of the A.I.C.C. result in a colossal waste of public money. So, Maulana Saheb had announced years back that there would be no spectacular session of the A.I.C.C. any more. In spite of this decision, however, the Bombay session was perhaps the most spectacular one. A huge pandal involving an expenditure of lacs of rupees was erected flouting the wishes of the public and of some of the members of the B.P.C.C. too. It is argued that such a 'tamasha' was necessary as the A.I.C.C. requires funds for its Delhi-establishment. Even accepting this argument, one fails to understand the propriety of erecting such a huge new structure with hopeless sitting arrangements. The vision of most of the visitors was obstructed by the innumerable bamboos, in the pandal. This irritated many of them.

Judging from the rates of tickets and the sitting accommodation, one would not be far wrong in concluding that the Congress is playing more and more in the hands of the capitalists. A poor man—even a middle-class man could not afford to buy a ticket worth Rs. 10 (the lowest rate of the tickets). Again, whereas fans (more than necessary) were seen working in the enclosures meant for those holding tickets worth Rs 250, 100 and 50, those sitting in the galleries and the workers' enclosure had to rot in the scorching sun. This naturally, made one wonder whether the Congress was fighting for the rights of the masses or of those who could donate to the Congress funds by hundreds and thousands out of the money earned from black-marketing, dishonest dealing and exploitation of the poor.

Congress-workers who have suffered and sacrificed for the Congress and who work day and night for the Congress-cause were also given a step-motherly treatment by the B.P.C.C. Their enclosure was so far removed from the stage that they had to rest content with merely listening to or getting an occasional side-glimpse of the speakers.

The young and dutiful volunteers who toiled day and night to make the session a success had to starve for hours. Some of the Hoteiwalas with whom the B.P.C.C. had arranged for the lunch and refreshment of the volunteer refused to accept coupons issued by the B.P.C.C. with the result that the volunteers got puzzled. As a result of this, some of them got to enraged that they refused to go on duty on the afternoon of the 15th. Will the G.O.C. and B.P.C.C. care to inquire in the matter?

The carelessness of the management was more than proved by the fact that lights were seen working even during day time and that most of the clocks in the pandal were late by nearly two hours in the afternoon on the second day of the session.

Lastly, a word about the proceedings. It was expected that this session of the A.I.C.C. would be mostly dry and uneventful because of the going out of the Socialists. However, the bold stand and spirited speeches of some of the enthusiastic opponents like Sjt Mohanlal Gautam Keshavdev Malaviya, Ansar Harwani and others falsified this expectation thus proving that there is still scope for opposition and improvement in the Congress What is required is an organised effort and opposition based on constructive work and suggestions and not merely opposition for the sake of opposing.

USHA MEHTA.

Overlooked?

Sir,—The recent announcements about Government's Labour Policy may meet with welcome but it is surprising that not a word has been said of sympathy towards the major part of the employees who fall neither under the Factories Act nor under Government Service Rules. This major part of the employees include—Gumastas working with firms, shops, pedhis, merchants, khadioros and clerks and coolers working in offices, etc. The Shop-Establishment act, of 1939, as it is and as sought to be amened, does no good to the class to whom it affects. There are many more who also do not come under this act. The demands can well be listed as follows:

(1) Minimum Salary; (2) Dearness Allowance; (3) Bonus; (4) Gratuity; (5) Provident Fund; (6) Wage System to be abolished; (7) Medical Relief; (8) Insurance; (9) Accumulation of Leave; (10) Unemployment Insurance; (11) Living Accommodation; (12) Working Hours. (13) Leave; (14) Probation period. (15) Retrenchment; (16) No victimisation; (17) Over-Time work; (18) Age-Limits; (19) Strict Enforcement of Act; (20) Pension; (21) Cheap justice.—Yours, etc.

HITENDRA.

PERSONAL FREEDOM IS LIMITED BY PUBLIC WELFARE

State Should Help The Weak To Lead Normal Sober Life

BY JOHN BARNABAS

Is there a right to drink? And does Prihibition—by taking away that right—infrige on your personal liberty?

Many opponents of Prohibition do take that view. But here is a forceful presentation of the other side of the case.

Prohibition is in the interests of the masses and it is the duty of every citizen to sacrifice a part of his liberty in the interest of the weaker members of society.

When social, economic and moral arguments fail him, the anti-prohibitionist finds the 'personal liberty' excuse a handy peg to hang his troubles on. The intellectual, both the original and the carbon copy, the moralist, and that elusive creature, the champion of the down-trodden, all try to hold up a social reform on the plea that the state has no right to regiment the nation to a given pattern of morality, for one's likes and dislikes, or one's own private affair. Prohibition is wrong because it attempts to make a man moral against his will! It deprives him of his liberty to do wrong! It is intolerable because forced sobriety is a social liability. Therefore it is that the champion of civil liberty finds prohibition irksome. He demands the liberty to have his own morals, to do an anti-social act if he so wishes, to remain intoxicated, if he chooses to. But the man of religion slants the argument and asserts "Intoxication is bad. Man no doubt descends to the realm of the beast and commits anti-social acts when drunk. But do not force him to be moral: educate him to be moral."

It is my contention that prohibition promotes personal liberty and helps a man to choose his moral codes conscientiously. For, intoxication negatives a man's capacity for discerning action. He ceases to have the right to exercise individual liberty.

LIBERTY IS CHANGING CONCEPT

But then, what is individual liberty? The concept of liberty is changing. It changes from place to place, people to people, from time to time. The liberty that custom gives, the State may deny; the liberty allowed by the State, religion may challenge What is liberty in America may be dubbed as licence in India. A study of the history of civil liberty shows clearly that there is no accepted standard of liberty, no standard that is static. It does not therefore lie in the mouth of the anti-prohibitionist to say "this is personal liberty and this is not". Forces of history necessitate a change in the concept of liberty.

The freedom to be intoxicated is a demand for absolute liberty. Political philosophers have shown clearly that there is nothing like absolute, unlimited liberty. There is only relative liberty. A man has the freedom to walk only on the foot-path; but even there he cannot go about swinging his arms. For his liberty ends where the other man's nose begins. One's liberty is circumscribed by his neighbour's rights. Our liberties are therefore hedged in by the needs of society. The liberty of the individual is subject to public necessity, social necessity, and the group's necessity. The individual exists only in relation to the society in which he lives and his conduct is controlled by the needs of that society. The moment a given liberty militates against the rights of an individual or society, that liberty is curtailed. Who can deny that drink, whether in moderation or otherwise, encroaches upon the rights of the family for food, peace and comfort, of the citizen to walk the streets in safety. Hence the need for prohibition.

INDIVIDUAL vs. SOCIETY

The progress of civilization is, to a degree, marked by an increase in social legislation. And social legislation is more often than not a curtailment of the liberties of some members of society. With the march of civilisation the rights of the individual become increasingly subordinate to the welfare of society as a whole. In the modern State the individual has to sacrifice his personal needs, inclinations and desires to the will and the needs of the group. The devoted wife can no longer offer her life on the pyre as a symbol of her love for her husband. You can no longer marry as many wives as you wish. You cannot beat your own wife cruelly, you have to send your children to school even if you personally do not believe in education You have your pen, but you are not at liberty to write fanning communal hatred You cannot even cross the road except in marked places. Your life is not your own for you cannot commit suicide and if you succeed, religion tells you that you will be found in hell and if you fail the law tells you that you will find yourself in prison. You cannot go naked in public or even dress entirely as you wish to No doubt all these make it irksome for the individual and he wishes for absolute personal liberty But the State imposes these restrictions on you in the interest of public welfare as a whole.

Very often the protagonists of personal liberty overlook the important fact that every right is accompanied by a duty. You can exercise a right only so far as the exercise of that right fulfils all the obligations incumbent upon the exercise of that right The man who takes intoxicants is cutting into the rights of his family the obligations he owes to society. In the very large majority of cases it is a fact of economic investigation that he deprives his wife and children of their daily necessities of life and indulges in his so called liberty to spend on intoxicants. The family whether among the classes or masses is a responsibility of the State and the State has not only the right but the duty of regulating the behaviour of every individual member of the family so that the interests of the family are not sacrificed to the whims of the individual. Therefore if the excercise of a given right militates against a duty that right must be curtailed.

DUTY SHOULD COME FIRST

Liquor enthusiasts tell us that one man has as much right to drink a glass of whiskey as another has to drink a cup of tea, but you never heard of one man killing another while he was under the influence of

(Continued on Page 6)

BE BRAVE: BE NOT AFRAID

C.R. On Governors And Governmen's In Free India

JALPAIGURI (West Bengal) May 7 (API).—In a joint reply to adddresses presented to him by a number of public bodies here, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Governor of West Bengal, hoped that the decisions of the Inter-Dominion Conference held recently in Calcutta, which had been ratified in Delhi, would remove all legitimate cause of annoyance to travellers over the border between West Bengal and Eastern Pakistan. He said that regarding improvement of customs arrangements, recommendations had been sent up to the Government of India for measures which would go a long way towards removing the inconvenience which was now being felt.

GOVERNOR'S POSITION

His Excellency referred to the position of the Governor since India became independent, and said that in old days a Governor had a great deal of authority and he could do and undo things. The same respect was shown to the Governor now as was shown to the old Governors. But they ought to know that under the existing arrangements the administration was carried on by their own representatives and not by the Governor.

They had a right to demand of their representatives to attend to their grievances, and the representatives had a right to demand the Ministers attention to their grievances The Ministers had to compare and contrast and weigh the relative importance of all the demands from all people in the country, and they would have to utilise the money they had at their disposal to meet the most important demands Management by outsiders was very different from management by their own representatives. Their criticisms should also be different from criticisms levelled against an outside authority

Mr. Rajagopalachari continued that that did not mean that the Governor was a useless functionary. "I may tell you to think of our great temples. In the temple there is an idol which is worshipped but the idol cannot do anything for you unless the people in the temple act. But if the idol is removed from the temple then nobody in the temple can do anything. If the idol is removed all people in the temple will think that the temple has become useless and no work will be done. Though the idol has no life, it is important in the same manner, the Governor in the temple of Government is important. Though he has no active part in the administration, the utility and importance of the idol depends on the devotion that you show towards it. If you all pay respect and devotion to the Governor, he will have the capacity to do something for you. If you neglect the Governor, he will gradually dwindle into unimportance. The Government composed of your representatives and your leaders will do everything but if there is no Governor, the Government will be like a temple without a idol."

DHARMA SHASTRA OF FREEDOM

Speaking of what he described as "the Dharma Sastra of freedom which we have to follow in practice", Mr Rajagopalachari said:

"The Governor represents not merely the majority. Until a Prime Minister gets into office he represents the party or the majority, but once in office should represent the whole State. But democratic Governments, though they represent the whole State, are apt sometimes to forget the minorities. It is necessary that at all times possible the Government should remind themselves that they represent the whole State and not only the majority.

A vote is only a token of confidence and not a bargain for favour to be acquired afterwards. After you have cast your vote you must forget all about it. It should be the pride of those who have voted for a person to get him to work for those who have not voted for him."

PARTITION OF BENGAL

In a reference to the partition of

(Continued on Page 6)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Temporary Palliative

Recent weeks have witnessed a definite easing of the situation in the matter of food. Although food prices have spiralled upwards in all derationed areas, the acute phase during which foodgrains were unavailable at any price, appears to have passed. Increase in prices was the inevitable result of decontrol, but with stock position definitely improving—thanks to steady exports—it is comparatively easier to handle the problem of prices. The Government of Bombay has set about it in the most practical manner. As Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister of Civil Supplies, has indicated, a chain of fair price shops will be opened in District and Taluka towns as well as groups of villages. From its own savings and the increased allocation from the centre, the Bombay Government is in a position to control 300,000 tons of foodgrains and use them to stabilise prices till the next 'rabi' crop is harvested. While this is no answer to the long-range problem, which can be solved by increased production alone, it is to be welcomed as a temporary palliative.

Positive Proof Wanted

The position on the cloth front, however, is far more depressing than on that of food. The phenomenon is really amazing. There is no question of the scarcity of cloth—at any rate not in the same sense as in the case of food. The Government of Bombay in a press note "assure" the public that the "production of cloth has increased and there is adequate cloth available in the country to meet the normal requirements of the people" The producers were most clamant in their demand for decontrol. They promised that decontrol would make cloth both cheap and abundant. Even now they profess to be greatly perturbed at the abnormal level of cloth prices and they have offered to run fair price shops as their part of the war against prices. And yet the Government in its press note admits that "fantastically high prices" prevail. The remedy suggested by the Bombay Government is not to buy cloth. There is not the same immediacy in the matter of cloth purchases as in that of food and the consumer can certainly afford to wait. But this is subject to one condition. He should not lose by waiting. It is the fear that cloth prices may increase further that drives the consumer to buy in a rising market. He lacks the confidence that Government will not be outmanoeuvred by the trade. The Government of Bombay has now announced that it is considering a scheme to keep down cloth prices. There has also been a report that the Central Government is trying to reorganise their textile control administration. This is intended to serve as a kind of warning to the trade that control may be reintroduced if it does not play the game. The mercantile community is far too seasoned to be taken in or frightened so easily. Both the public and the trade—each from its different points of view—need more positive proof that Government means business.

Impossible Claims

It has become a fashion, and an unhealthy fashion for every province and linguistic unit to make their own tall and curious claims on the Central Government. And in almost every case there is the inevitable demand to include more territory in their particular areas. A Calcutta conference organised by a number of literary societies and presided over by Pandit Lakshmi Kanta Maitra, a member of the Constituent Assembly, has demanded the inclusion of Bengali-speaking areas in Bihar, Orissa and Assam in the West Bengal Province. Luckily, however, the conference did not threaten a war, but only asked for a boundary commission. We have already advocated the setting up of a boundary commission to redraw the entire map of India on scientific principles determined in advance by the Constituent Assembly. To this body can go all reasonable claims for territorial redistribution. But no commission or tribunal is necessary to reject the demand of the conference to give Bengali the position of a State language along with Hindi and English. First, the Constituent Assembly has not yet made any decision on what should be the State language. Secondly, there can only be one State language and not two or three. And thirdly Bengali cannot be the State language for the same reasons why Malayalam or Tamil cannot be the State language.

Policeman's Permanence?

The nerves of Mr. S. N. Chatterji, Calcutta's Police Chief, seem to have suffered greatly from repeated lectures on the police being servants of the people. In a talk to Rotarians, Mr. Chatterji reminded his listeners of the respective positions of the Ministry, the Police and the public. Under the post-August 1947 regime, he said, the ruled had become rulers. The citizen voted in the Government and to that extent he controlled it. But Mr Chatterji reminded the citizen that, whilst his vote influenced the Government, he could not oust it by force. To quote: "He could not just force a constable out from his duty, make himself a nuisance on the public road. He could not by his unseemly behaviour bring a football or hockey match to an abrupt end. He could not break or burn a cinema house. That is where the policemen comes in—whatever the Government—to enforce Mr. Chatterji's 'could nots.' The Calcutta Police Chief also gave an indirect hint to the Government. When the opinion of the citizen became acceptable to a large body of men, when it became public opinion Government must take notice of it or they would vanish. It was a subtle suggestion that the police will not support the Government in unpopular measures Mr. Chatterji has given an impressive demonstration of the importance of tact in the psychological equipment of a policeman.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 8.

Taking over half an hour to move past any particular point, Razakar columns yesterday again held street marches to merge later in one of the biggest rallies ever seen at the Sharatgah Grounds here in the city.

No reason was given for this mass demonstration, but Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen quarters said it was in the nature of a routine exercise.

—A.P.I.

* * *

It was difficult, said Sardar Baldev Singh speaking at Poona, to understand who ruled in Hyderabad today —the Nizam or Syed Razvi.

We don't see any difficulty.

* * *

Addressing the Security Council, India's M K Vellodi said: "I believe Sir Zafrullah said he was passionately fond of peace but while listening to the remainder of his speech I was amazed."

We admire Mr. Vellodi's capacity for amazement, but we don't envy it.

* * *

The United Press of America assures the world that British and United States officials in Washington have discounted reports from Karachi that Pakistan was seeking a close understanding with Russia against the Western world.

If there have been such reports, then somebody in Karachi was playing such an obvious and ridiculous hoax that it needed neither discounting nor assurances to the contrary.

* * *

We are, if the "spokesman" quoted by Reuters is genuine and real going to have extensions of Sir Oswald Mosley's Fascist "Union Movement" in India and Pakistan to be organised by a Mr Mukund B. Guha.

And we are thankful too to the spokesman. His zeal in giving India advance information complete with the name of Sir Oswald's Indian agent is most helpful. India will prepare and offer a—er--warm reception to both the movement and the agent.

* * *

You might wonder as to who, what and why Sir Oswald's "Mr. Mukund B. Guha of Bengal" was.

You needn't. After all it ought to take all sorts of people, including a Moslevan or so to make a nation of over 300 millions.

In fact, there were once upon a time, a couple of Indians performing with Sir Michael O'Dwyer himself. Their "flag" too should be kept flying, if only to amuse and instruct.

* * *

Some "observers" in Europe we read, admire Mr Winston Churchill not only because he is regarded as "Liberator Number One" but also because of his "broad and daring conceptions of European unity."

They are indeed as broad and daring as to scoop into European unity" the entire "colonial" world of Asia and Africa, lock stock and barrel, bag, baggage and humanity.

* * *

Washington report: The House Armed Services Committee appealing for prompt enactment of the Draft said today that Russia may "risk a showdown with the United States at any moment."

Not a bad technique of forcing Russia to take the risk—if Russia would oblige.

* * *

The majority in the committee "gravely" report that Russia may gamble on it now "on the assumption (by Russia) that the future can bring only a worsening of the Russian position."

Why do people wisely think that Russians are blind fools?

Our Readers Views

A Goregaon Complaint

Sir,—In our town the long queues like those of the pre-rationing days are seen at the kerosene shop. People have to wait there for long hours not knowing whether, when and how much quantity will be distributed. Those who can afford, make any other person stand on their behalf. Those having the might, break the queue and assert their priority claims. Those having influence use the back-door. The vast majority of the people who are really needy have to return home with empty tins.

Why not right the wrong by re-enforcing rationing which can be easily done as the people have got their kerosene cards and the shopkepers too have all the records with them.—Yours etc

(Mrs.) NEELA SAMANT.

Goregaon

Wanted—A Bridge Over Morwa Creek

Sir,—About 40 miles away to the North-West of the Bombay and cut out from the main land of the island of Salsette is a group of five villages. Of these the village of Utan is the largest, having a population of about 5,000 and the other four villages have at least not less than 6,000. The area comprised by these villages is lovely. The villages are fertile, the main produce being rice and various kinds of vegetables. A special mention may be made of a spring of natural mineral water in the village of Chawra. The climate is bracing. But the bulk of people from these villages employed in Bombay and nearby are deprived of these natural comforts as they cannot go there after their duty.

The nearest railway station for these villages is Bhayander on the B. B. & C. I. Rly and a Road runs from this station to the village of Utan giving connection to the other villages But the Road is cut off by a Creek called "Morva Creek" and when the tide is in the Creek cannot be crossed. Hence there is an urgent need for a brige over the 'Morva Creek' on the Utan Bhayander Road. This will not only benefit the local people but the hundreds now dying in crowded Bombay.—Yours etc.

C. FONSECA.

Bandra.

U.N. Delegates Admit Failure

Palestine Problem Must Solve Itself

LAKE SUCCESS, May 8, (Reuter): United Nations delegates, in the last week-end before the British mandate ends in Palestine, were today ruefully confessing failure to solve the Holy Land problem and prevent civil war, between Arabs and Jews. Cables Reuter's Correspondent.

13 MONTHS OF TRAVAIL

They saw 13 months of investigation, debate and planning, ending in nothing more than a tacit admission that the Palestine problem must solve itself. The one ray of hope this last week-end is that Jews and Arabs, before launching into full-scale war, may agree to a truce. Palestine experts here consider the chances between war and uneasy peave about equally divided.

But whether midnight on May 15 is the signal for more violence or whether it brings a temporary peace, United Nations delegates realise the most they can do is to sit back and await developments.

On March 19, the United States suddenly announced that it no longer supported partition and proposed instead to put Palestine under temporary trusteeship. From that movement, it became apparent that the United Nations had entirely lost its grip on the Palestine problem.

The present special session, convoked in a hurry, opened in an atmosphere of gloom. Everyone suspected everyone else of bad faitn.

The United States plan for trusteeship languished and was finally shelved.

Thus, in the last week before the end of British rule over Palestine, the United Nations is left with the "irreducible minimum"—a British proposal to set up a modest United Nations Agency to act as a 'caretaker" authority in Palestine until Arabs and Jews are ready to talk terms.

A truce in Jerusalem, and a plan to send a special Municipal Commissioner there, are two other accomplishments of this session. The latter was also a British idea.

That is all to date, and in the view of informed observers, that is all the United Nations can hope to do at the moment.

Referendum Will Decide Issue

Future Of French Possessions In India

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, May 9.

Inter-Government agreement between India and France is believed to have been reached in regard to the future of French possessions in this country.

According to the agreement, Referendum will decide the future of the five French possessions in this country, the point for determination being merger with India or grant of full responsible Government within the French Empire. In the latter eventuality two Governments will discuss the question of mutual alliance.

HYDERABAD BORDER INCIDENTS

Adequate Protection Will Be Given To Villagers Says Baldev Singh

AHMEDNAGAR, May 9 (A.P.I.): India's Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, assured a gathering of Congressmen here today that the Central Government was fully alive to the incidents taking place on the border of Hyderabad State and the Indian Union.

The Defence Minister who is on a visit to Ahmednagar which has an extensive border line with Hyderabad said that adequate steps were being taken to afford every protection to the border areas.

The Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Mr. N. V. Gadgil, who accompanied the Defence Minister told the gathering that to him it appeared that the lot of Congressmen was to go on fighting continuously. They fought with the Britishers in pre-freedom days and now they had to fight the internal enemies who, he said, represented Fascist tendencies. The Government of India stood for the establishment of full democracy in the country, and it would act consistently with that ideal. They were acting with caution but courageously.

The two Ministers, who left Poona for Ahmednagar this morning in company of the G.O.C.-in-Chief, Southern Command.

An answer to the critics of Government who charged it with curtailing the civil liberties of the people was given by Mr. Gadgil when he replied to the civic address of the City Municipality.

There were many today, he said, who levelled charges against the Government that they had curtailed the civil liberties of the people. He wished those people to realise that the present were not normal times and the country was passing through a citical phase The Government could not afford to tolerate the activities of those who either hampered Government's efforts to increase production in the country or who behaved in a manner prejudicial to the safety of the state. The monopoly of law and order was of the state and parties which tried to raise private armies or collect arms had, therefore, to be banned.

The two Ministers returned to Poona in the evening. Sardar Baldev Singh will fly to Bangalore tomorrow.

R

MOHANDAS BHURAMAL was convicted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,00,000 or fifteen months' rigorous imprisonment in default for unauthorised supply of cloth and for profiteering in the same and for non-issue of cash memo.

RS. 10 CRORES FOR 12 COMPANIES

Highlights Of New Capital Issues Scheme

NEW DELHI, May 9 (API).—Consent for the issue of Rs 10,38,60,600 in respect of twelve companies was given during the week ended April 26, 1948, under the Control of Capital Issues scheme.

Highlights of the new schemes are: Rs. 7-1/2 crores for the establishment of a shipping company, Rs. 50 lakhs for a spinning and weaving mill; Rs. 25 lakhs for a life and general insurance company; Rs. 20 lakhs for land development and house construction; Rs. 10 lakhs for each of two schemes to erect waterworks and supply water and to print and publish a daily newspaper and Rs eight lakhs for the manufacture of magnesium chloride and other industrial chemicals.

ALL SET FOR U. S. RAIL STRIKE

WASHINGTON, May 8 (Reuter): Railroad Union leaders today rejected a renewed offer of an increase of fifteen and a half cents an hour and said the nation-wide strike called for Tuesday will go on.

Increase In Raw Cotton Prices

LONDON, May 99, (Reuter): The British Raw Cotton Commission tonight announced new increases in the prices of various types of raw cotton to take effect on Monday.

The American type is increased by two pence to 2.10 pence per pound; short staple India by three and a half pence per pound; Long staple Egyptian types by six pence per pound; medium staple Egyptian by four pence per pound; Peruvian and Sudan (Zewdas) by two pence per pound; West Indian sea island types by four pence to six pence per pound.

The announcement said, Ashmouni and B. P. 52 Uganda prices remained unchaged, and Zagora is reduced by one penny per pound.

COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE

Date Not Yet Fixed

NEW DELHI, May 9, (U. P. I.): According to information received here from London, it appears that although no preparation has as yet been set on foot for the Commonwealth Conference which was announced sometime back to be held in London, the British Government will shortly contact the Dominion Governments to determine a suitable date when the Premiers or Minister of External Affairs could conveniently meet.

According to present indications, the conference may take place towards the end of this year or early next year.

DR. ROY'S TRIBUTE TO TAGORE

CALCUTTA, May 8, (API): Addressing a public meeting at Rabindranath Tagore's residence, on the occasion of the poet's celebration the Premier of West Bengal, Dr B C Roy paid glowing tributes to his memory.

Dr. Roy said that Rabindranath was not only a rgeat poet but also a great prophet struggling all his life to re-establish the culture and tradition of India in the world. He was a philosopher, poet, politician and seer in one.

Concluding Dr. Roy said that Mahatma Gandhi's name was inseparably associated with that of Rabindranath and the two together raised the prestige of India in the estimation of the world by focussing its attention on the culture and heritage of India and her people.

BURMA'S BATTLE AGAINST REDS

RANGOON, May 9 (Reuter).—Armed bands of Burmese Communists in up-country districts are causing considerable concern to the Government, which has brought in troops, and even the few 'planes of the infant Burma Air Force, to assist the police combat their activities, writes Graham Barrow, Reuters' correspondent.

It has been an open secret for many months past that Communists have been operating in Upper Burma, but the scope and intensity of their operations were not regarded as sufficiently serious to warrant intervention by the military until after the arrest in March of Thakin Soe, leader of the illegal "Red Flag" Communist Party.

There are two Communist parties in Burma: The "Red Flag" Party, which has been banned since January 1947, when its members staged a demonstration in the building of the Government Secretariat in Rangoon; and the recognised "White Flag' Party, which is represented by seven seats in the Burmese Provisional Parliament.

The "White Flag" Party, however, has been in disgrace since the beginning of the present Communist insurrection. It has not been banned, but its headquarters were raided and a warrant issued for the arrest of its leader, Thakin Than Tun who is now in hiding.

THEY JOIN FORCES

"The "Red" and "White" parties were originally at loggerheads on the question of policy, but Government quarters claim that they have now joined forces in an attempt to overthrow the Government by armed force.

Until recently, Communism in Burma was generally regarded as a local movement. Government sources now feel that the synchronising of Communist turbulence in India, Burma and elsewhere in the Far East suggests that the events in this country are part of concerted efforts of the Communist world to dislocate Government and Law and Order in countries outside the Communist sphere of influence.

The Communists have been active in Upper and Central Burma particularly in the Yamethin district and in the Pegu district only 49 miles from Rangoon.

As a preliminary to an all-out assault on the Government, these bands have staged sporadic raids on villages and other centres in search of arms. They have sometimes gained control of villages for days at a time, before they have been ejected. They have raided police stations, post offices and rice shops, and cut telephone and cable wires. None of the raids in itself has been on a large scale—although Government dispatches have claimed that as many as 90 Communists were killed in one action—but they have been sufficiently serious to disrupt transport and communications, and to alarm the merchants and peasants.

Troops of the Burma Rifles, assisted by "Spotters" in 'planes, have been co-operating closely with the armed police.

TWO CONSEMBLY MEMBERS UNSEATED

NEW DELHI, May 9, (U. P. I): The Tribunal appointed by the Government of India to enquire into the first and only election petition, has accepted the petition of Shri Balmukund and set aside the election, to the Constituent Assembly of India, of the Raja of Bilaspur, Maharajkumar Bulendu Shah of Tehri and Choudhury Nihal Singh of Jind, from the Punjab States' Group 14.

It may be recalled that this election was conducted by the Raja of Bilaspur himself as Convenor, on July 12, 1947, whence a petition was filed questioning the validity of election by Shri Balmukund who alleged that improper tactics had been resorted by the Convenor, the Raja of Bilaspur, to ensure the return of himself and men of his choice.

It is learnt that the Tribunal has awarded Rs. 1,350 to the petitioner as cost of the suit.

CHETTI LEAVES FOR NEW DELHI

KARACHI, May 9, (API): The Indian Financial Delegation led by the Indian Finance Minister, Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetti, left Karachi by air for New Delhi, this afternoon.

STOP PRESS

WARRANTS AGAINST REDS CANCELLED

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 9, (API) Cancellation of arrest warrants against six "absconding Communists is announced by the Nizam's Government in a press note today.

22 GREEK GUERILLAS KILLED

ATHENS, May 9, (Reuter): The Greek general staff announced today that 22 Guerillas were killed, 18 captured and 14 surrendered in a large-scale operation by Greek forces, supported by aircraft against guerillas in the Grevena area of western Macedonia.

SOVIET TROOPS IN GERMANY

LONDON, May 9, (UPA): Major General Alexander Kotikov, Soviet Commandant in Berlin, told the Soviet Army newspaper, "Red Star" today, that his occupation troops were ready "at every moment, under any conditions and at all costs to fulfil their sacred duty as soldiers."

SAUDI ARABIAN ARMY

BAGDAD, May 9, (Reuter): Riad Al Solh Bey, the Lebanese Premier; stated here tonight that King Ibn Saud (of Saudi Arabia) has agreed that the Saudi Arabian army would join in Arab League military action to prevent the establishment of Zionist state in Palestine.

Soviet Demand Postponement

Meeting Of Kommandatura At Berlin

BERLIN, May 8, (Reuter): The Soviet authorities today sought a three-day postponement of the next meeting of the Allied Kommandatura, Four-Power Governing Body of Berlin, due for next Tuesday.

They informed Britain that owing to the illness of Maj.-Gen. Alexander Kotikov, Soviet Commandant of Berlin, they were not able to take part in Tuesday's meeting, but would be able to attend if one were called for next Friday.

A British statement said it was proving difficult to call a meeting for Friday, because of other commitments, but no decision had been reached.

It emphasised that in the past when a Commandant could not attend a meeting, it had been usual for his deputy to take his place.

Gen. Kotikov was the second Soviet-General to be reported ill this week, a few days before he was due to take part in a meeting with the Western Allies.

ONE MORE ARRESTED IN TRIVANDRUM

Echo Of Attack On Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer

TRIVANDRUM, May 9, (API). Two persons have now been arrested in connection with the attack on Sir C P. Ramaswami Aiyer in July last. One C. S. Mani (C S Subramania Iyer), described as a member of the Kerala Socialist Party, was arrested at Quilon yesterday and produced before the magistrate there who remanded him to custody. The arrested person was later brought to Trivandrum where an application for bail was made before the First Class Magistrate, who granted him interim bail till arguments are completed.

It will be recalled that a fortnight ago one Narendran of Pettah was arrested in the same connection and let out on bail, and investigations against him are proceeding.

GREEK REVOLT EXECUTIONS

ATHENS, May 9, (Reuter): The acting Greek Minister of Justice, M. Constantin Rendis, said today that in all 2691 persons had been found guilty by courts of murder during the 1944 revolt or earlier.

About 500 of them had their appeals dismissed and petitions for mercy rejected. During the term of office of the Former Minister of Justice the assassinated M. Ladas, 157 had been executed, while 300 others awaited execution.

Executions were suspended over Easter and since then 61 had been carried out.

Foreign press criticisms of the executions, he declared, "might encourage guerrillas to commit terrorist crimes."

Yugoslavia Frees German Prisoners-Of-War

BELGRADE, May 9, (U.P.A.): Interior Minister Alexander Rankovitch announced today that Yugoslavia had freed 17,744 German prisoners-of-war between September, 1945, and April, 1948.

Officially denying foreign press reports that Yugoslavia intended holding its war prisoners, Rankovitch said the cabinet had decided recently that all remaining German and Austrian prisoners in Yugoslav hands would be released soon.

East Punjab Ban On Movement Of Foodgrains To Continue

SIMLA, May 9, (API): The Government of East Punjab has no intention to lift the ban on the movement of gram or any other foodgrain from the East Punjab to other Provinces or States, says an official announcement. Exports, if any, will take place on a Government to Government level.

FUTRE OF ITALIAN COLONIES

Big Four To Take Final Decision

LONDON, May 9 (UPA): The Big Four Deputies will meet here Tuesday for what probably will be a final attempt to decide the future of Italian colonies.

The Italian peace treaty provides that if no agreement was reached by September 15, 1948—one year after treaty ratification—the whole question shall be referred to the United Nations General Assembly.

Western delegates were pessimistic. They said the only faint hope was that the Deputies can hear the remaining interested Governments and complete a unanimous report in time for the Foreign Ministers' Council to meet the deadline.

British War Minister Cries 'Down With War'

TAUNTON, SOMERSET, May 9, (Reuter): Confessing himself an agitator rather than a statesman, the British War Minister, Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, cried "Down with War", when he spoke to Labour Party members here yesterday.

"I am Secretary of State for War" Mr. Shinwell said. "But no one desires war less than I do. I do not believe that ideological differences among nations should be the cause of war. I believe it is possible to have different ideologies and still remain on peaceful terms with one another".

PROSPECTS OF ARCTIC WAR

Canadian View Of U. S. Preparations In Alaska: Soviet Strategy

OTTAWA, May 9, (Reuter): Canada does not believe largescale warfare can be waged in the immense trackless north lands of the Arctic because of the difficulties of supplying and maintaining large bodies of troops.

"This is my conviction, writes Charles Lynch, Reuter's special correspondent, after touring by air part of Canada's northern defences in a round trip of 6000 miles from the Federal Capital of Ottawa to the Alaskan border by way of Edmonton and the Yukon.

Canada believes that within a year she will be able to defend her own northlands and be able to give the United States a hand in defending the half a million square miles of Alaska which is only divided from Russia by the fifty miles wide Bering Straight.

URANIUM TRACT

The United States authorities, however, do not appear to share the Canadian belief that there will be a largescale warfare in the immense tracts of the Arctic. They are building up strong land and air defences east of the Bering Straight as a force unequalled since the end of the war.

Canadian officers say that should war break out between Russia and the Western Powers, the most that would happen in the Canadian Arctic would be "nuisance fighting —air raids and small paratroop attacks by both sides aimed at targets such as Uranium mines and airfields.

Canada has particularly valuable Uranium and silver deposits in the northwest territory, and the importance of silver finds at Great Bear Lake cannot be over emphasised. Uranium ore, the major means of producing atomic energy, has also been found near the town of Flin Flon, Manitoba.

SOVIET STRATEGY

Canadian Army officers believe that the Russians, in the event of war would hope to tie up as large an American force as possible in Alaska much as the Japanese forced the Russians to keep a big body of troops in Eastern Siberia during most of World War Two.

Canada's Minister of Defence, Mr. Brooke Claxton, said that the Canadian navy's job in any future war would be escort and supply duties in the North Atlantic and northern waters.

"Our job will be to supply intercepting and ground forces to deal with local attacks and to develope staff and personnel to take up their places as part of major striking forces", he said.

Much valuable information on sea supplies had been obtained from the Hudson Bay Company, whose famous ship, Nascopie, made annual trips to the Arctic prior to her loss in 1947.

Because of the belief that the Russians would try to pin large bodies of troops in Alaska, the Canadian theory is that it would be useless to attempt to "man the northern ramparts" by sending largescale defence forces into the Northlands.

BEST DEFENCE

Canadians feel that the best defence is an adequate system of air raid alarms along the shores of the Arctic Ocean backed by a compact, fully equipped task force.

Reasons behind the Canadian belief are based on experience gained over the past two years in trying to maintain small outposts in the Yukon and the north west territories.

In the absence of roads and railways, it has been found that a tremendous "air lift" is required to supply any force of ten men or over for any period of time.

Almost the entire present flying strength of the Royal Canadian Air Force is needed to supply even the small training and radio stations which the Canadians now maintain in the north.

Nehru-Jinnah Appeal To Australia

LONDON, May 8, (Reuter): In recorded statements broadcast in Melbourne, Pt. Nehru, Prime Minister of India, and Mr. Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, appealed for mutual understanding and friendly co-operation between Australia, India and Pakistan. The speeches were introduced by Mr. Richard Casey, former Governor of Bengal, radio Australia announced.

Pt. Nehru said India sought peace and friendship with all countries in the South-East and Pacific area. He emphasised that Australia and New Zealand came within this friendly co-operative sphere. Pt. Nehru deplored the tendency of what he called "a mad world" to create new problems instead of trying to solve the present international deadlocks.

JINNAH OPTIMISTIC.

Mr. Jinnah likened Australia's early developments to Pakistan's present efforts to establish herself. He said that no doubt mistakes would be made in the new Dominion just as error has occurred in Australia's early days. But he felt that Pakistan would succeed as Australia had.

Franco-Viet Nam Agreement Terms

PARIS, May 9, (Reuter): Possible terms of an agreement between France and the provisional Central Viet Namian Government were suggested in a message to the Viet Nam people yesterday from Bao Dai, former Emperor of Annam.

According to an Agence France Presse report from Hanoi the ex-Emperor's message said: "The Provisional Central Viet Nam Government will be able to open an agreement with France on a 'modus vivendi' of a limited scope but which would be immediately applicable, offering both parties an opportunity to agree on a course of practical action which would create an atmophere of mutual confidence".

COMMUNISTS PLOT COUP D'ETAT IN FINLAND

But President Orders Civilian Police Force To Be On Watch Against "All Eventualities"

STOCKHOLM, May 9 (Reuter). Strong measures against Finland's Communists have been taken by the 78-year-old President, Doctor Juho Paasikivi after the disclosure by the Social Democrat newspaper 'Sociali Democratti' that the extreme Left was preparing to overthrow the Government during the country's recent pact negotiations with the Soviet Union.

Doctor Paasikivi has curbed the powers of the Communist Minister of the Interior Yajo Leing, by making two other Cabinet Ministers jointly responsible with him for the maintenance of public order and the supervision of the police forces.

The President has also ordered the civilian police to be on the watch against 'all eventualities". As a further precaution he placed army troops on guard over the large stores of weapons and munitions which Finland is to send to the Soviet Union under the peace treaty and which, according to 'Sociali Democratti" the Communists were planning to seize in their coup.

PRESS SUPPORTS PRESIDENT

The majority of Finland's newspapers support the President because they consider that the Communists who hold less than one quarter of the total number of seats in Parliament, have been provocative.

They have not denied that they were plotting a coup d'etat: but only called on the other parties to prove that they were. In factories in Helsinki, Tampere and other industrial centres, their threats to "hang from the lamp posts" non-Communist workers have caused ten Communists in Helsinki to be brought before the courts on charges of "committing acts of terror at their place of work".

Mr Leino has been accused, in a new report of the Constitutional Committee, of breaking the constitution by handing over to Russia "without trial or examination" 20 persons of Russian birth who acquired Finnish nationality before the Armistice in September 1944.

This charge lays him open to impeachment: but the President has intimated that he will not proceed against him.

"TERROR CAMPAIGN"

Finally Mr Leino aroused the wrath of Social Democrat workers in Helsinki and other industrial towns by his recent radio speech in which he said that the "reactionaries" of Finland, and not the Communists, were trying to overthrow the Government referred to a "terror campaign being waged against the Left".

The Conservative, Liberal, Agrarian and Social Democrat press have discreetly called for Mr. Leino's resignation, but the President is considered unlikely to demand it because his policy is to maintain the rickety coalition Government until the General Elections next July.

Czech Charge Against Britain

Alleged Breach Of Cultural Pact

LONDON, May 9, (U.P.A.): Czechoslovakia last night accused the British Government of violating the Anglo-Czechoslovak Cultural pact—the only cultural accord which Britain has concluded with an eastern European state since the war.

The "News Bulletin" published by the Czechoslovak Embassy here complained that the "Czechoslovak-British cultural agreement had become one-sided since February". It quoted the Czechoslovak Writer's Union that the British Foreign Office had created an "impenetrable iron curtain" between the two countries.

The "Bulletin" charged that, firstly, British official quarters had inspired the refusal of British Universities to attend the 600th anniversary of Charles University thereby violating the clause pledging the two nations "to promote the closest possible co-operation".

Hanover Strike Called Off

HAMBURG, May 8, (Reuter). Trade Union leaders in Hanover today voted to end next Wednesday the strike of 80,000 workers in lower Saxony, announcing their demands for increased rationing had been partially satisfied.

The strike had been expected to spread to half a million workers.

Europe's Displaced Persons

Problem To Be Tackled By U S. Congress

WASHINGTON, May 9 (Reuter).—The United States Congress will finally come to grips this week with the problem of the entry into the country of Europe's displaced persons, cables William Hardcastle Reuter's correspondent in Washington.

NEW BILL

This week the Senate starts to debate a Bill to allow in 5,000 refugees a year for two years.

A similar but more generous measure is pending in the House of Representatives.

While opposition is still active, Congressional experts believe that before Congress recesses, some sort of compromise will be approved and America's Immigration Laws relaxed.

Lobbyists consider the Senate figure thoroughly inadequate, when Europe's camps already hold 850 000 refugees.

Fifty per cent of the Senate's 100,000 visas must go to people from 'countries annexed by a foreign power."

This would apply only to Latvians, Estonians and Lithuanians, and is regarded as unfair to other nationals who have suffered at least as much.

The other 50 per cent must be agriculturists, which discriminates against skilled, professional and technical workers.

Whiteaways FOR KITCHEN WARE

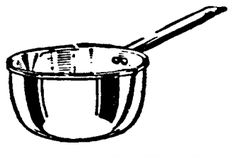
"MONARCH" Brand, Green ENAMELLED COLLENDERS British made 9 1/2" dia. Rs. 3 each.
"GOAT" Brand, White ENAMELLED MUGS 1 Pint capacity Rs. 2 each.

"MONARCH" Brand, GREEN ENAMELLED SAUCEPANS BRITISH MADE fitted with hollow handle (without lid). 7 1/2" dia. Rs. 3/15 each. 8 1/2" dia. Rs 4/15 each

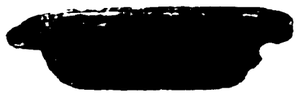
BRITISH MADE WIRE STRAINERS Size 4" diameter Rs. 1/8 each. Size 5" diameter Rs. 1/15 each. Also wire Tea Strainers 2½" dia. Ans. 15 each. ALSO ALL-METAL STRAINERS—Fine mesh 5¼" dia. Ans. 15 each.

AMERICAN MADE "BALL" PRESERVE JARS, Strong glass PERFECT MAISON Size 1, ½, 4 Pts. Rs 1-8, 2, 2-12 each. "ECLIDE" Size 1 4 Pts. 1 2/8 each "IDEAL" Size 2 Pts. Rs 1-2 each.

ALUMINIUM COFFEE PERCULATOR with Pyrex Glass Top. 1 Pint size Rs. 9/8 each. 2 Pint size Rs 11 each. 3 Pint size Rs 13 8 each.



GREEN ENAMELLED IRON open type SAUCEPANS Heavily enamelled and well finished fitted hollow handle strongly rivetted 9 1/2" dia., made in England, no lid, Rs. 3 15 each.



GREEN ENAMELLED PIE DISHES, BRITISH MADE. size 8 1/2" x 6" Rs 1/8 each.
"OVENEX" Block tin ROASTING PANS. Size 11 3/4" x 7 3/4" x 2 1/2" Rs. 1/4 each. Size 11 3/4" x 9 3/4" x 2 1/2" Rs. 1 8 each.

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD. BOMBAY.

NO TALKS WITH BRITAIN ON FUTURE OF JAFFA

Jewish Reply To District Commissioner; Battle Of Safad Continues

TEL AVIV, May 9, (Reuter): An attempt by District Commissioner, Mr. W. V. Fuller; to start negotiations on the future fate of Jaffa when the British leave was turned down by the Jews today. . . . . Jewish officials said they could negotiate directly with the Arabs.

The British garrison in Jaffa is due to leave this week and 80 per cent of the Arab population has already evacuated, following Jewish occupation of the town, leaving some 3,000 Arabs still there.

Mayor Joseph Haykal was reported to have gone to Amman.

. . . . ABDULLAH'S THREAT . . . .

JERUSALEM, May 9, (UPA): British frontier guards withdrew during the week-end from the Palestine side of the Allenby bridge and Arab legionnaires are now in control of this strategic link with Transjordan.

The Jews are unhappy about this development in view of Desert King Abdullah's oft-proclaimed warlike intentions. Last night Abdullah broadcast, "I shall march into Palestine immediately after the end of the mandate."

The Arab Army of Liberation in a communique said the battle at Safad continues with heavy losses. Arab sources reported that the Jewish quarter of Safad was bombarded heavily and Jewish settlements for 50 miles along the Lebanese border face imminent attacks.

Official sources said the exact time at which the mandate will end is 1201 a.m. May 15.

Arab sources reported that Transjordan's Foreign Minister Fewzi Mulki was flying to Cairo with a letter from Abdullah to King Farouk.

JEWS ACCUSED OF VIOLATING . . . . TRUCE AGREEMENT . . . .

The Arabs today accused Jewish snipers of firing from the Katamon quarter into surrounding Arab areas in Jerusalem in violation of their truce agreement and called in British forces to investigate. The military moved in and restored quiet.

Later, today, Arabs streamed into Jerusalem for the first time in two weeks to buy supplies.

DON'T RECOGNISE JEWISH STATE

CAIRO, May 9, (UPA): The Arab League is considering a recommendation to member states that they break diplomatic relation with any country recognizing the Jewish State, it was reported today.

MAYORALTY OF JERUSALEM

LAKE SUCCESS, May 8, (UPA): It was reliably reported today that American Clarence Pickett, head of the Friends Overseas Aid Programme, was asked to accept the post as emergency mayor of Jerusalem, but had declined because of ill health. . . . . .

U. S. Wants Communication Facilities

WASHINGTON, May 8 (Reuter): The State Department today asked the United States Navy to set up, communication facilities in Jerusalem.

A statement issued by the Navy said "the Navy Department is assigning one officer and eleven men" for the purpose.

"These personnel will form an integral part of the Consular Staff and will function under the direction of the Consul-General, who is also the United States representative on the Truce Commission".

SHAPE OF JEWISH GOVERNMENT

JERUSALEM May 9 (Reuter): The Provisional Government of the Jewish State, which is to be proclaimed as an independent national unit on May 16, will follow the Republican form probably the French model, according to usually well-informed circles here.

There will be a head of Government probably a President, and a Cabinet of twelve Ministers.

A Joint Planning Board set up after the November 29 decision of the United Nations General Assembly to draw up the plan of Government has now finally completed its work.

The Ministries will be: Foreign Affairs, Defence, Interior, Economic and Finance, Immigration, Commerce and Industry Labour, Agriculture and Fisheries, Public Works and Communications, Justice, Education, and Health and Social Welfare.

A Civil Service Commission has already made 50 key appointments of permanent senior officials, who are now assisting in the detailed organisation of their Departments.

A Jewish agency spokesman at Jerusalem has stated that the Central Administrative machinery has been provided by the Jewish Agency—described in the 1937 Peel Commission as a "Government existing alongside a Government"—which has 20 different Departments.

Other bodies on which the Civil Service Commission has drawn for staff are the National Council of Palestine Jews, or Vaad Leumi, which has had charge of the Jewish school system, health service and social welfare services and the General Federation of Jewish Labour, or Histadruth.

CAPITAL IN TEL AVIV

The Capital of the Jewish State is to be Tel Aviv, and the Central Government offices are likely to be built on land which formerly belonged the German Templars' colony of Sarona, north-east of the all-Jewish city.

Sarona has now been purchased by the Jewish National Fund of the Tel Aviv municipality from the Custodian of Enemy Property who held it for its original German owners. It has been comprised within the municipal boundaries of Tel Aviv.

A Police Commission has already been appointed in the Jewish 'Shadow' Government. Other appointments include a Food Controller.

The seat of the Provisional Government or "Parliament" will also be in Tel Aviv.

Gurion To Be Head Of State

U. P. A. adds:—

The first head of the new state will be David Ben Gurion, 61, who came to Palestine more than 40 years ago from Poland and who has fought unceasingly since for the Jewish Republic.

The national dept of the new state is going to become a reality even before May 15 proclamation that Judea exists. Tuesday May 11, the Jewish Agency will offer a 20,000,000 dollars loan for five years at 3 per cent for local subscription only. The money will go to finance war production.

"Caretaker" Authority For Palestine

LAKE SUCCESS, May 8 (Reuter): The United Nations Palestine Sub-Committee attempting to establish some kind of caretaker" authority before the British Mandate on May 15 today heard a statement from M. Karel Lisicky, Chairman of the Palestine Commission, substantially supporting the British proposal, for a United Nations Commission as the "continuing authority" in Palestine.

U. S. To Prepare To Face Music

WASHINGTON, May 8 (Reuter).—The assignment of a Navy Communications Department to the United States Consulate in Jerusalem, announced today, was interpreted in official circles here tonight as meaning that United States Government agencies must now be prepared for the possibility that the United Nations will have failed to bring about orderly conditions in Jerusalem says Paul Scott Rankine, Reuter's correspondent.

BRITISH WITHDRAWAL

British sources told Reuters today that the British troops were obliged to evacuate Palestine section by section, according to plan, and that if they stayed on in Jerusalem too long, they might be cut off and have to fight their way out to the ports.

These sources denied reports that Britain had speeded up her evacuation plan and said that August 1 remained the target date for their completion.

Diplomatic experts in Washington must now provide for chaotic conditions in Palestine almost without precedent for a country nominally at peace but without an established Government.

Unconfirmed press reports here say that shiploads of Jews from Black Sea Ports are now waiting to leave for Palestine with Soviet approval.

The Arab States, it is believed, will not have sufficient naval forces to continue the British blockade against illegal immigration and the Jews in control of Tel Aviv will be in strong position to admit immigrants from both Cyprus and the Black Sea.

PROBLEM FOR U.S.

One of the most critical questions which will face the United States is whether to recognise the Jewish Government expected to be set up immediately after Britain lays down the Mandate.

It is recognised in diplomatic circles that the setting up of a Jewish Government will give rise to extremely complicated questions.

No U. S. Ultimatum To Jews

NEW YORK, May 9 (Reuter).—Mr. Moshe Shertok, head of the Jewish Agency's Political Department last night described as "fantastically untrue" a report from Tel Aviv that the American State Department had handed a virtual ultimatum to him threatening the strongest sanctions if the Jews declared an Independent State on May 16, the day after Britain lays down the Palestine Mandate.

Mr. Shertok was interviewed in a plane ready to leave for Palestine. It developed mechanical trouble how ever and the flight was postponed till tonight.

His seventeen year old daughter, Yael, who was with him in the plane, announced she was leaving the United States to join Haganah, the Jewish defence army.

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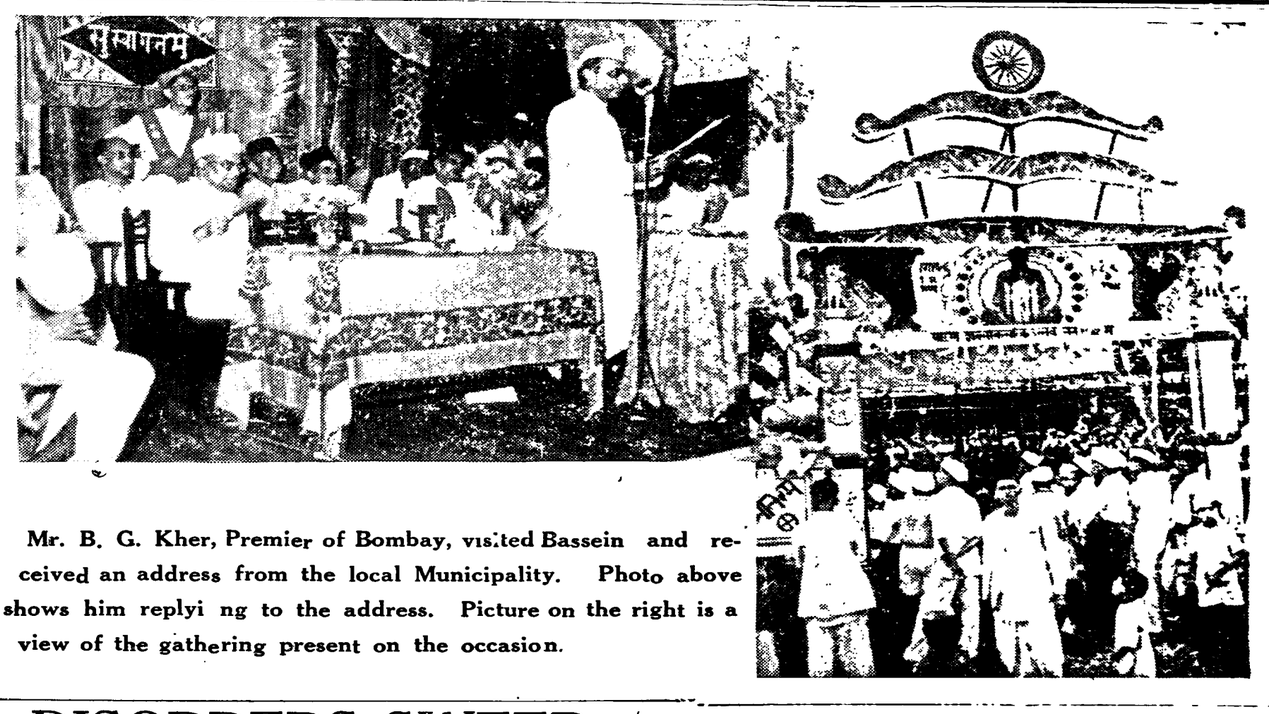


Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, visited Bassein and received an address from the local Municipality. Photo above shows him replyi ng to the address. Picture on the right is a view of the gathering present on the occasion.

DISORDERS SWEEP SOUTH KOREA

16 Killed In Island Battle Include 5 Candidates

SEOUL, KOREA, May 8 (Reuter): Disorders swehpt American-occupied South Korea today two days before Monday's elections for a Representative Assembly.

Sixteen people were reported killed in an island battle, an electoral chairman was killed in Seoul, a rightwing newspaper building was burned down, a railway bridge blown up and telegraph wires cut.

In the past three months 500 attacks have been made on the police, nearly 400 people have been killed and sabotage has been widespread.

FIVE CANDIDATES KILLED

Five of the original 939 candidates have been killed.

The elections, originally to have been held tomorrow, were postponed until Monday because tomorrows eclipse of the sun is considered a bad omen.

The election of an Assembly for the whole of Korea, representing both the Russian-occupied and American-occupied zones, has been blocked by inability of the United States and Russia to agree on the procedure.

The Southern Assembly will have constitution-making and legislative powers. About ten main parties and groups are contesting its 200 seats, including 19 women candidates.

COMPLICITY IN RIOTS

Dr. Ysngman Rhee, right wing leader whose followers are expected to score heavily in the elections, have accused the United Nations Commission, which investigated conditions in Korea, of helping to encourage electoral disorders.

Over 3,000 people were released from prison at the request of the Commission between April 5 and April 10, Dr. Rhee said, adding most of them had since been rearrested for complicity in riots.

Before the prisoners were released Mr. S. Jackson, Australian member of the United Nations Commission, had referred to South Korea as a "police state."

SOVIET OFFER

According to a Moscow message, Tass, the Soviet news agency, today reported from Phyenyang, North Korea, that Russia had reaffirmed her readiness to withdraw her troops from Korea at once, "provided that the United States troops are withdrawn from Korea simultaneously."

The Soviet Commander in North Korea told a joint conference of political parties and public organisations of North and South Korea: "The Soviet Government understands perfectly well and views with sympathy the desire of the Korean people to unite their country and establish an independent and democratic Government of Korea."

Russia, he said, had twice already, in September and October, 1947, proposed a simultaneous withdrawal mut it was not accepted.

Personal Freedom Is Limited By Public Welfare

(Continued from Page 4)

tea, and this fact has something to do with the question of what a man has a right to drink. You are not permitted to spend your wages as you please if you have a family to support—you must provide for your family. Slaves, women, children—these have come to their own because a new conception of rights and duties had dawned upon men. They discovered that there is a more fundamental question than property rights—that duty is a bigger word than rights. Let us not forget that in the lives of men duty and sacrifice for the sake of the weaker members of society—is far greater than the insistence on one's rights and the man who is ready to give up his rights when the well being of mankind as a whole is concerned, is a bigger man. The little man always stands out for his rights no matter what happens to others. Thus viewed prohibition does not take away one's liberty at all, because as Blackstone says, "Laws when prudently framed are by no means subversive but introductive of liberty."

STATE MUST REGULATE

It is not necessary to dilate upon the physical, social, economic and moral evils of alcoholism. Both the rich and the poor know the ravages of intoxicants on the individual, the family and the society. But then there are those who argue "Why not let the individual who can drink in moderation, without becoming a menace to the family or society have the liberty to drink?" That intoxicants even in moderation (though there is no standard concept of moderation) are physically injurious to the habitual is the predominant medical opinion. Apart from that one should not forget that social legislation cannot be discriminative. It is the duty of the State to help the weak individual, who has no sense of proportion, to lead a normal, sober life, by creating an environment which makes such life possible for him. Ask the poor labourer and the kisan and he will readily plead with you that he knows drink is bad, that he wants to give it up, but that as long as it is available he is too weak to resist the temptation. The right to drink is a licence to social evils. So long as human nature is susceptible to unbridled natural desires irrespective of consequences, so long will the State have to regulate the lives of its citizens.

Prohibition is therefore in the interests of the masses and it is the duty of every citizen to sacrifice a part of his liberty in the interest of the weaker members of the society.

The laws given by Manu or Moses, Jesus or Mohammad, whether as regards alcoholism or otherwise, are a series of "Thou Shalt Not" and no doubt limit one's "natural" liberty only with a view to regulate human behaviour in society. But we do not shout against those laws as a curtailment of our liberties. When the manufacture of drugs and liquors makes life more burdensome to all the people, and when it creates social and economic problems which threaten the finest things in human life, when it destroys men's bodies and souls and becomes a menace to society, then the State has a right to destroy that traffic. We accept this principle in every other relationship in life. Why not accept it with regard to alcoholics?

INDORE GOODWILL MISSION TO KASHMIR

INDORE, May 8, (A. P. I.): A Goodwill Mission consisting of the Premier of Indore, Mr. V. S. Khode, the Prajamandal President, Mr. D M. Parulekar and Mr. R. M. Tatia, left for Kashmir today to participate in the victory celebration at Srinagar in response to an invitation from the Jammu and Kashmir Government.

The mission is carrying a message from the ruler and people of Indore to the people of Kashmir.

SIMLA, May 9 (API).—The Constitution by the Government of East Punjab of the Shromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee has been officially announced in Simla today. The Committee which consists of 166 members has been constituted with retrospective effect from August 15, 1947. The first general meeting of the Shromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee will be held at Amritsar on May 28 at the Tejasingh Samundri Hall.

Be Brave: Be Not Afraid

(Continued from Page 4)

Bengal, the Governor said: "In this world there is no profit without some loss, and no loss without some profit. But reason of the partition of the Province there is a great deal of loss, but there is also some profit. You cannot get a Government for Bengal in which the Hindus will be in a majority, except by the partition of Bengal. If you look at the loss side only, you will realise that partition is a great loss, but suppose you have no partition, then you must always have the courage to accept a Government run by the Muslim majority for the whole of Bengal. You can, therefore, complain or criticise or praise by looking at one side of the picture, but if you look at both sides of it you will maintain silence and accept the present conditions.

HINDU-MUSLIM AMITY

I appeal to you all to remember my advice that the more silence we maintain, the happier will we be. Believe me that soon we will realise that Hindus and Muslims are made of the same flesh and blood. And we need not quarrel with one another. I want to tell all of you before I go away from Bengal, that in a few years time there will be no enmity between the Hindus and Muslims of Bengal, and there will be no difference whatsoever.

FREE & EASY TRADE

"Looking at in one way, it seems that all Government is only a kind of play. Children sometimes quarrel about their toys. In the same manner we have quarrelled about our Governments. This quarrel has been settled by partition

The people of this part of Bengal require many things that the other part of Bengal is producing. Similarly, the people of that part of Bengal want many of the things produced on this side of Bengal. It is only when trade and commerce are free and easy that either Bengal can be happy. The efforts of the Government of India, as well as of Bengal, are being directed towards free and easy trade and commerce among all parts of India.

MUTUAL TRUST NEEDNED

"The life of the people as a whole is governed by the same principles as the life of an ordinary family. It is only if there is affection that the people can be nappy. If people live in fear, they cannot be happy. Develop mutual confidence, do not develop mutual fear and distrust. Everything depends on practice.

PARTITIONS ARE TEMPORAY

Proceeding, the Governor said: "These partitions are temporary play. Society will become one and indisible, though Governments may be divided for all time. But trade and commerce will be one and indivisible. The Government of America is wholly divided from that of England but there is greater friendship between the peoples of Britain and America than between the people of the same part of the country. There has been great trouble recently, but I tell you, and I feel also, that there will be no trouble hereafter. We have seen enough of disgrace and shame. Our people will not do it again. Division of the Government may be there, but people will soon become one all over India and will be a great people of the world."

"Whatever may happen in the rest of India, you may rest assured that in Bengal people will be one and be happy. Keep one thing clear in your mind. There may be two Governments, but society will be one We must work to that end. Be brave and do not be afraid of anybody

Ever since I came to Bengal I have found so much affection showered upon me that I wish I could retire into private life after my term of office in Bengal."

The addresses were presented by the Municipality, the District Board, the District Congress Committee the Duars Planters' Association and the Indian Tea Planters' Association.

A PRESENT

His Excellency presented a purse of Rs. 500 from the West Bengal Government to the widow of Mr. Mati Lal Barman, a Congress volunteer who had died of snakebite while guarding a grain godown.

Peace In India Helps Kashmir

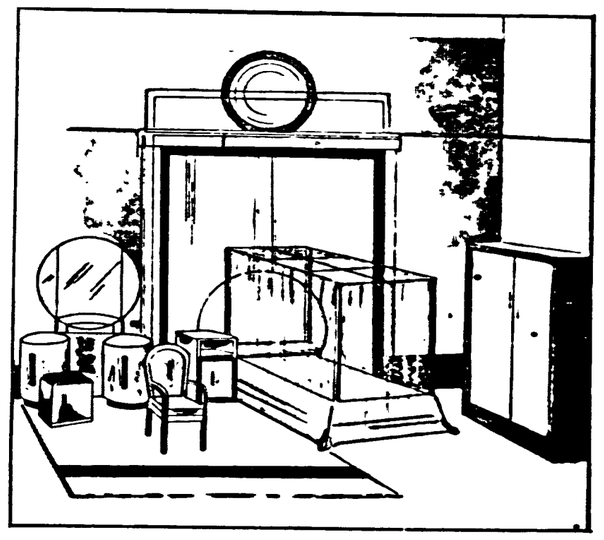
Sheikh Abdullah's Independence Day Message

NEW DELHI May 9, (A. P. I.): Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir, in a message to the "News Chronicle", on the occasion of the celebration of Kashmir independence, says: "At a time when the Indian troops, backing up our struggle for existence have invaded a large part of our invaded homeland and are heroically fighting to recover the rest, I must remind the Indian people that the only effective way in which they can help Kashmir best is by maintaining complete communal peace and amity in the country"

PERSONS MISSING IN KASHMIR

NEW DELHI, May 8

Information has been received by the Search Service Organisation of the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation about a few persons belonging to Mirpur, Poonch, Uri and certain other areas in Kashmir. Relations, friends or acquaintances of the persons, are requested to contact personally or write as soon as possible to (1) Officer-in-Charge, Search Service Organization, Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation, 'F' Block, Room No. 58, Raisina Road, New Delhi, (2) any of the Search Service Bureaus attached to the main Refugee Camps in Gurdaspur, Amritsar Jullundur, Ludhiana Ferozepur, Ambala, Kurukshetra and Gurgaon and (3) Central Information Officer (Recovery), 8/12, Prosad n Road Amritsar



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Red Shirts To Cover All Pakistan Provinces

KARACHI, May 9 (UPI): The All-Pakistan People's Party's fundamental object was to serve the Pakistan people democratically regardless of caste, creed or colour, said Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Red Shirt leader, presiding over the All-Pakistan People's Party's Convention last evening.

He vehemently denied the notion spread diliberately in certain circles that the Party was formed solely with a view to creating obstacles in the way of the Pakistan Government's administration and splits in the ranks and files of the Muslim Nation.

LOYALTY TO PAKISTAN

"I say it with deep regret that despite our repeated declarations of loyalty to Pakistan our "bona fides" are doubted and we are treated as outcastes" added Khan Ghaffar Khan. "Our views against India's partition were based on absolute honesty and good faith, but since Pakistan has been established for good, we consider it solemnly our own country and we are determined to stake all for its defence and integrity".

Referring to relations between India and Pakistan the Red Shirt leader said: "If the two Dominions amicably settle their outstanding disputes and join hands together they are bound to carry formidable weight in the establishment of world peace and order".

He regretted the fact that both the sister Dominions were looking up to the UNO for the solution of their problems.

Concluding Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan stressed that the formation of the People's Party should not be viewed with misgivings. There could be no democracy, he said, without healthy opposition. The Party would place its economic programme for mass uplift in conformity with the intrinsic principles of Pakistan.

SYED'S WELCOME

Welcoming the delegates Mr. G. M. Syed, Chairman of the Reception Committee, said: "We have assembled here to express our genuine voice so that the new constitution assures full justice and democratic equality to the people. No central power can flourish where the constituent units have been constantly struggling to preserve their integrity and ways of life from central encroachment.

Red Shirts' Expansion

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, leaning against the wall and in a slow and firm voice, started with a broad hint that he would extend his Khudai Khidmatgar movement to the other Provinces of Pakistan in near future.

The Frontier Red Shirt leader claimed that service to humanity was his life's aim and that was one of the main reasons of his association with the people's party.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan referred to the prevailing "critical international situation and said the present trend of the Big Powers leading the world to another global war. He felt it was their duty to put in their best efforts to save the world and their country from the horrors of a third world war and simultaneously struggle for the establishment of a World Federation which would guarantee justice and fairplay to all.

Pakistan Consembly

KARACHI, May 8 (API): The Constituent Assembly of Pakistan will meet at a constitution-making body in Karachi on May 15, it is officially announced.

NEW DEAL FOR CENTRAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES

NEW DELHI, May 9 (A.P.I.)—A Press Note says:—The Government of India have, in consultation with all the Provincial Governments and the Federal Public Service Commission arrived at the following decisions in respect of the general conditions of service that should be applicable to offices of the Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service.

The Junior and Senior scales of pay for the Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service will be as follows:—

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE

INDIAN ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE—Junior Scale—Rs. 350-400-450-450-500-540-30-600 E. B 30-870-40-950 (19 years):

Senior Scale:—Rs. 800—(sixth year or under)—50-1.000-60-1.300-50-1.800 (25 years).

The Pay of Commissioners or officers of equivalent status and that of Joint Secretaries to the Government of India will be fixed at Rs. 2,250 per month. The pay of a Secretary to the Government of India will be fixed at Rs. 3,000 per month.

Officers appointed to the Indian Administrative Service on probation should be started on the time scale and permitted to count the period spent on probation towards leave, pension or increment in the time scale.

INDIAN POLICE SERVICE

Junior Scale:—Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590 E. B. 30-770-40-850 (19 years).

Senior Scale:—Rs. 600 (sixth year or under) - 40-1,000-1,000-1,050-1,050-1,100-1,100-1,150 (in the 22nd year).

Officers in the Selection Grade of the Indian Police Service will receive a fixed pay of Rs. 1,250.

Officers of the Indian Administrative and Police Service will contribute compulsorily toward a Provident Fund at a minimum rate of one anna and a maximum rate of 2-1/2 annas in the rupee. This subscription will be credited to the General Provident Fund maintained by the Central Government.

Officers of the Indian Administrative and Police Services shall be treated as officers of the first grade for purpose of travelling allowance.

LEAVE

Leave will be admissible as for Class I officers of the Central Government in terms of the revised Leave Rules, 1933.

Officers of the Indian administrative and police services will be entitled to the same facilities as are admissible at present to Class I officers of the Central Government under the Central Services (medical attendance) Rules, 1944, till such time as a separate set of Medical Attendance Rules is framed for them.

Regarding retirement benefits, the terms are still under consideration.

Vellodi For London

NEW YORK, May 8 (Reuter). Mr M. K. Vellodi, Indian representative on the Security Council during the Kashmir debate, left La Guardia airport for London today en route for India.

Travelling with him was Mr. B. L Sharma, of the Indian Information Service, who will consult Indian publishers in London before returning to India.

U. S. Navy-and-Air Transports Merger

WASHINGTON, May 9 (Reuter): Air Transport services of the United States Navy and Air Force will be combined in a new body called the Military Air Transport service on June 1, it was disclosed here.

This new command will operate military transport over routes totalling 65,000 miles.

D. S. Erulkar For India

LONDON, May 9 (Reuter) Mr D. S. Erulkar, leading figure in the London Indian community and for many years London head of the Scindia Steamship Company, will leave England for India next Thursday to take up his new post as Controller of Indian Shipping attached to the Dominion Ministry of Commerce.

Central India Journalists' Conference

Syt. Shambhu Nath Saksena, General Secretary, Journalists Association, Greater Gwallor, informs that at a general meeting of the members of the Association held on May 3 in "Jiwan" office under the presidentship of Syt. Jagannath Prasad Milind, it was resolved unanimously that a Conference of Journalists of all languages in Central India be convened on the 3rd and 4th July, 1948, in Gwalior.

Pakistan Mail For Refugees

NEW DELHI, May 9, (A.P.I.): Complaints have been received by the Government of India that the principals of firms and business houses in West Pakistan who have migrated to India, are not receiving their correspondence re-directed from the Pakistan post offices despite their having given due intimations, says a Press Note. Likewise money orders or V. P. P. values for the parcels despatched by them and articles or parcels addressed to them are not being received in certain cases.

Enquiries in this connection are now in progress with the Pakistan posts and telegraphs administration. If refugees register their revised address with the post office, articles received on re-direction from Pakistan would be delivered without any delay.

FURTHER CUT IN KEROSENE

NEW DELHI, May 9 (API): A Press Note says:

In order to provide increased quantities of high speed diesel oil and furnace oil for the maintenance of food and industrial production in the country the Central Government have, with great reluctance, agreed to reduce releases of inferior kerosene for civil consumption during the months of May and June, 1948 to an extent of 33-1/3 per cent cut on the scale of releases for the first quarter of 1948.

17 Injured In Railway Mishap

DELHI, May 9 (API): Four persons were seriously injured and 13 others received slight injuries when the Delhi-Ambala Passenger, after starting from Kurukshetra station at about yesterday noon, left the through track, ran into a siding of the station yard and collided with loaded goods wagons. Two third class bogies immediately following the engine were derailed.

The scene of accident was cleared in three hours and normal traffic resumed.

Newsprint For Pakistan

LAHORE, May 9 (API): The West Punjab Government, it is learned have sanctioned new declarations for 27 newspapers and 79 periodicals, including weeklies forthnightlies and monthlies.

This decision on the part of the Government follows the execution of contracts with Canada and the Scandinavian countries for the import of newsprint in Pakistan.

Gandhi Exhibition

SIMLA, May 9 (API): The Publicity Department of the East Punjab Government has arranged to hold an exhibition on Mahatma Gandhi's life from June 15 to June 22 in their premises in Simla.

It is proposed to exhibit photographs, rare literature or manuscripts or letter written by Mahatma Gandhi and other literature that might throw any light on his life.

ZAFRULLAH IN LONDON

LONDON, May 8 (Reuter).—Sir Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, arrived at London airport tonight from the United Nations Security Council meeting at Lake Success, where he has been presenting Pakistan's case on Kashmir and other issues.

He was accompanied by Mr. Mohammad Ali, Secretary-General of the Pakistan Cabinet.

They were greeted at the airport by the members of the Pakistan colony in London.

PAKISTAN'S CLAIM

Sir Zafrullah Khan told correspondents at the airport that the withdrawal of Indian troops in Kashmir would have to be supervised and it must be done by Pakistan forces to ensure that the retiring troops were not shot up. He also expressed fear that the Indian forces, in the absence of supervision, might take up advance positions.

The Foreign Minister said that everything depended on how quickly the United Nations Commission, representative of the United States, Argentina, Czechoslovakia, Belgium and Colombia, was able to get out to Kashmir and bring about proper conditions for a free and impartial plebiscite.

Pakistan required guarantees with regard to the neutral administration of the Kashmir Government.

Gold Find In Siam

BANGKOK, May 9 (Reuter).—Large deposits of gold ore have been found in the bandit-infested jungles of Kanchanaburi on the Burma-Siam frontier about 200 miles south-east of Bangkok- Siamese newspapers reported today.

Government experts of the Mines Department exclained that there may be gold in that area, but added that no detailed geological survey for gold had been made there.

The Siamese name Kanchanaburi means "Land of Gold"

Siam Drive Against Reds

BANGKOK, May 9 (Reuter).—The Siamese Government today ordered a vigorous police campaign to suppress secret societies, Communist or Communist-inspired organisations and other "disruptive elements."

The Government's order followed the discovery of underground movements "to crush the Chinese menace" in Siam.

Machinery For Indonesia

India Governments Gift Assurance Of Support To The Republic

JOGJAKARTA, (By Cable). India's Consul General, Mr. Raghavan, presented this evening Indian Government's gifts of machinery—all Indian made— ranging from agricultural implements and electrical pumps to motors to Indonesian Republic, on whose behalf Dr. Shafruddin Prawiranagara, Economic Minister, accepted them. Mr. Raghavan who was accompanied by Mr. Yunus, Representative of the Consul-General and Mrs. Raghavan, explaining the significance of the "humble gift" said that it was the first gift from free India to Indonesia. Earlier centuries India sent other gifts, but in modern times India is sending machines to make Indonesia economically strong and that she may contribute her best to the progress of the whole of the Asian continent.

INDIA'S SUPPORT

Affirming India's support and friendship towards Indonesia Mr. Raghavan said that India's freedom is incomplete without Indonesian freedom and India stands pledged to support all the countries which are struggling for freedom. He added to say that Indonesia as her name implied belitted to interpret India to Asia and Asia to India and as herself synthesised different cultural influences of various parts of Asia into its own greatness.

Dr. Shafruddin acknowledging the gifts expressed Indonesia's gratitude to India for all the support she has been rendering.

Later in the evening Mr. Yunus and Mrs. Yunus gave a party in honour of Mr. and Mrs. Raghavan. Those attended included Dr. Hatta and Ministers, officials, leading men and women.

Yesterday the Consul General visited seventy Indian ex-army men awaiting evacuation to India at Soerkarta where Mrs. Raghavan visited orphanages and bathic factory, one of Java's world famous industries manufacturing textiles.

Five-Fold Increase In Value Of U. S. Exports Brings Global Trade To Prewar Levels

WASHINGTON, May 7.

Despite the acute dislocations in world trade caused by the war, world trade in 1947 rose to a higher volume than in prewar 1938, according to U.S. Department of Commerce estimates. During the first half of the year the estimated value of world exports, at prevailing prices, amounted to about 46,000 million dollars on an annual rate basis, or about 22.772 million dollars at 1938 prices. This compares with an estimated value of world exports in 1938 of about 21,984 million dollars at prices prevailing then.

During the first half of 1947, the most recent period for which adequate world trade data are available, goods were moving in international trade channels at an estimated annual rate of about four per cent higher than the 1938 volume, and at a substantially higher rate than in 1946. The value of world exports in 1946 was about 33,000 million dollars at prevailing prices and about 19,186 million dollars at 1938 prices.

With world-wide trade disclocations creating an extraordinary demand for goods from the United States, American shipments abroad shot up from the prewar average of approximately 3,000 million dollars in 1936-38 to 9,700 million dollars in 1946 and 14,500 million dollars in 1947 excluding civilian supplies sent to U.S. armed forces overseas for relief use in occupied areas.

This five-fold increase in the value of U.S. exports by the end of 1947, represented a more than two-and-one-half increase in volume after allowance is made for price rises. Moreover, the United States, during 1947, supplied over one-third of the products in world commerce as contrasted with only 14 per cent before the war.

The volume index of world exports (1933-100) was 87 in 1946 and 104 at the 1947 January-June annual rate, while the price index (1933-100) was 172 in 1946 and 202 at the 1947 January-June annual rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, May 8, (Reuter).

Confortable conditions have existed in London's money market during last week. Supplies of funds were ample and originated from several sources. Disbursements of interest on Government loans together with repayment moneys from New South Wales stock continued to flow into the market which during the latter part of the week benefited from the payout of cash from the sale of Argentine railways. Despite abundance of credit, demand for overnight remained keen, and in the interval between the absorbtion of interest payments and arrival of Argentine money there was a period of temporary shortage only relieved by indirect help.

Trading in bills revealed a large demand by one of the banks and throughout the week there was considerable turnover in June and early July maturities.

The Bank of England return showed that public demand for notes again increased. Active note circulation was five million Pounds Sterling higher. Credit facilities were helped by an expansion in Government Securities of around two million Pounds Sterling.

Applications for 170 million Pounds Sterling treasury bills totalled 290,320,000 Pounds Sterling of which 170 million were allotted at an average rate of 10 Shillings 1.24 Pence per cent. Next week 170 million Pounds Sterling treasury bills will be offered and treasury deposit receipts of 20 million.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, May 8.

May 2.42-1/2.
July 2.31-1/4.
September 2.29-1/4.
December 2.29-3/4.

LONDON BULLION.

London, May 8.

London Stock Exchange, Silver and Gold and wheat are closed today.

HAPUR MARKET RATES.

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, May 8.

Silver Forward 175/14, Opened 175/14, Yesterday Closed 176/8.
Gold Forward 117, Yesterday 117/8.
Bardana Asar 90/12, June 112, steady.
Oats Ready 8, Jeth 7/13/6, Yesterday Closed 7/14/6, extremely quiet.
Gur Ready 12 to 12/12, Fegan 11/12/8, Opened 11/2/9, Yesterday Closed 11/5/6. Baisakh 10/7, Shakkar 13, steady good export demand. Gram 11/6, Barley 9/6, Peas Ready 9/11, Jeth 9/4, Maize 8/8, Bajra 9, Jwar 8/8, Arhar Ready 9/12, Jeth 9/10, Urd 18, Moong 15, Masoor 13, Sarson Ready 21, Jeth 19/2, Taraseed 16 to 18, Oil 60, Oilcake 7/14, Groundnut 12/8, Methi 13, Steady.

CALICUT MARKET.

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, May 8.

Coiryarn Beypore 140/160, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 105, Ungarbled 95, Cocoanuts Raw 115, Dry 145, Cocoanut Oil 415, Copra Office 277/8, Dilpasand 285, Madrasnottam 300, Pepper Wynaad 1016 Country 1000, Dry Ginger Chernad 325, Ernad 300, Coffee Robusta 145, Timber Pali 45/50, Junglewood 25/30, Veliapine 40/45, Benteak 35/40, Teak 90/95, Mango 3/3/4, Teak 12/20, Rosewood 10/20.

INDO-PAKISTAN TRADE TALKS

Will Commence At Karachi On May 17

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, May 9.

Indo-Pakistan trade talks are expected to commence at Karachi on May 17.

India is expected to be represented by Dr. Mukerji, Mr. K. C. Neogy and Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram.

Pak Government, it is learned has invited India to discuss trade agreement for freer movement of goods between the two dominions.

COTTON AGREEMENT

Cotton agreement recently reached between the two dominions is for a limited period not exceeding August 31.

Pakistan, meanwhile, is suffering from short supplies in a number of commodities such as sugar, cotton and piecegoods.

Jute export duty is another subject which created friction between the two dominions. Custom barriers resulting in large-scale smuggling is responsible for loss in revenue to both dominions, in addition to free movement of trade.

RECIPROCAL ACTION

Recent ban on export of bullion from India, it is learned is reciprocal action by Government of India following similar ban by Pakistan two months ago.

Special Tests For Indian Tiles

SYDNEY, May 8, (Reuter): The New South Wales Government has ordered special tests on tiles imported from India because out of a shipment of 250,000 last year 50,000 were broken.

An officer of the British steamer "Querimba" which brought the tiles, said some 40,000 shifted during a violent storm off the Australian coast.

New South Wales has ordered five million tiles from India.

LONDON EXCHANGE.

London, May 8.

T. T. London on:—
New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325, Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325, Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, May 8

s. s. VIRGINIA MAY

From Karachi:— 13500 bags sea salt, 2100 bls. raw cotton: 1545 bags Peter salt.

EXPORTS

Goods Entered For Export:—

s. s. DWARKA

To Basran:— 29 bls. cotton piece goods—K. Devchand and Co., 5 bls. cotton piece goods—The Export Exchanger.

To Bahrein.— 6 bags Turmeric—G. Husein, 15 bags Tamarind—G. Husein, 11 bls. cotton P. goods—A J and A. Latiff.

To Muscat:— 33 bls. cotton P. goods—P. D. Hindeya, 150 bags Turmeric—Vahadat Trading Co.

To Karachi:— 300 Pkgs. Betel leaves—A. Rehman, 100 pkgs. Betel leaves—M. M. Jaffar and Co., 50 pkgs. Betel leaves— V. Gosman, 100 pkgs. Betel leaves —H. Shankriwalla, 400 pkgs. Betel leaves—S. L. Kakad.

To Kuwait:— 350 chests black tea—Rajnikant and Co., 238 chests black tea—Sureshchandra and Co., 100 chests black tea—S. N. Hirji and Co., 500 chests black tea—S. A. Bassam, 14 bls. cotton P. goods— H. A. A. Abbas, 15 bls. cotton P. goods—H. Khairam, 41 bls. cotton P. goods— B. H. Shaya.

s. s. FLYING CLOUD

To New York:— 366 bags Gum Karaya—N. Mulji and Co.

To Aden:— 24 bls. cotton P. goods—H. Makanji.

s. s. VARSOVA

200 bkts. Betel leaves—A. Gulambusein; 400 bkts. Betel leaves—S. L. Kakad; 5 bkts. Tamarind— M. H. Chaudhboy, 30 bls. Cassia—H. Abdeali; 50 crates glassware—Shantilal and Co., 25 crates glassware—Indian glassware., 10 crates glassware—S. J. Padamsee and Co., 40 c/s. Black Tea—Rajanikant and Co., 13036 c/s. soap —Lever Bros. (India) Ltd., 210 cls. vim—Lever Bros. (India) Ltd., 25 bags soowa seeds—A. G. Husein.

s. s. AMRA

To Beira:— 15 bls. C blankets—H. Manilal and Co.

s. s. ALAVI

To Karachi:— 100 pkgs. Betel leaves—C. A. Aziz, 400 pkgs. Betel leaves—S. L. Kakad; 5 cls. Hingio—M. H M Ahmed. 43 bags unmafd. drug—M. H. M Ahmed, 150 bags Poppyshell—M H M Ahmed.

s. s. VEST

To Karachi:— 200 bkts. mangoes—E Hassam; 10 bags unmafd. drug—H. N. A M Sharif. 342 cags soft stenetow—A. S. A. Bros., 50 cls glassware—L Currimbhoy and Co., 190 c/s. cagarettes—National Tobacco Co., of Ind Ltd.

S.S. TIJULLA

To Antwerp:—461 bgs crushed bones—Asian Commercial Co.

To Gothenburg:—8 bls goat skin—Western India Skin Export Co.

To Rotterdam:—720 bgs black pepper—Gandhi Bros.

S.S. OZARDA

To Hongkong:—60 bls cashew kernels—Manikant and Co.

To Shanghai:—1000 bls raw cotton—N. Nagasee and Co.

S.S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi:—10 bgs cardamoms, 47 bgs unmafd. drug—A. Karim and Md. Adamji, 100 bgs tamarind—A. H. H. Mohmed, 12 boras unmafd. drug—H. A. H. Abdulla, 57 boras bidi tobacco—N. B. Kakad. 15 c/s art silk piecegoods—H. R. H. Ebrahim. 28 c/s art silk piecegoods—A. A. Shakoor, 5 c/s art silk piecegoods—J. Moosa, 21 bgs ajma seeds, 11 bags psseliya drug—H. Essak. 200 pottas glassware—M. A. Mahmed, 15 c/s glassware, 35 c/s hair oil—M. A. Chawla.

S.S. EXCHANGE

To Algiers:—4760 bgs kardi seeds—Louis Dreyfus and Co.

S.S. DURENDA

To London:—1125 bgs mowrah cake—Orient Corp Ltd.

S.S. EMPIRE SPARTON

To Liverpool:—1125 bgs mowrah cake—Orient Corp Ltd.

S.S. SAINT NAZAIRE

To Marseilles:—2489 bgs niger seeds—Rallı Bros. Ltd. 5564 bgs kardi seeds—D. Rawat Mull.

S.S. NAIL SEA MOOR

To Colombo:—60 drums castor oil —Duncan Stratten and Co. Ltd.

S.S. FIROJA

To Karachi:—35 bls handloom C. P. goods—H M Suleman and Co. 16 bls handloom—New India Afrinal Co. Ltd. 485 bgs black tea—Afghan National Bank Indi. Ltd.

S.S. CITY OF DELHI

To Liverpool:—100 bls cotton waste—Champaklal and Co.

S.S. SILVER CEDAR

To Baltimore:—640 bgs myrabolams—P. Mathurdas and Co.

To New York:—1600 bgs myrabolams—P. Mathurdas and Co.

To Casabianca:—1445 bgs mowra seeds—Ralli Bros. Ltd.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS.

"CASTALIA arrived from Glasgow, on May 7, with 4,129 tons of general cargo. (Anchor Line)

"FLYING CLOUD" arrived from New York, on May 7, with 6,639 tons of general cargo (Shaw Wallace).

"EXCHANGE" arrived from Calcutta, on May 8, with 4,361 tons of general cargo. (Lionel Edwards).

"FATIMA" arrived from Karachi, on May 8, with 500 tons of salt. (J. Mackintosh).

SAILINGS.

"MANDOVI" sailed for Mormugao, on May 7, in ballast.

NEAR MONTHS DECLINE IN NEW YORK COTTON

Wall Street Market Active

NEW YORK, May 7.

Cotton opened 9 to 4 higher but early scattered demand was soon satisfied and prices gradually sagged under the leadership of spot May. Trade indifference combined with lack of export activity, the threatened railway strike and favourable crop news kept speculators quiet. The higher acreage ideas also served to dampen bullish enthusiasm but selling was always mild with no apparent desire to oppose the market despite current restraints. The C C C reports that loan pledges upto April 30th were 279,000 bales comppared with 143,000 last year. Prices rallied on the steadiness of new crop covering and some replacement buying from traders who were liquidating old crop commitments owing to the confused immediate export outlook. The session closed steady Sales are estimated at 150,000 bales.

WALL STREET MARKET

While rails were mixed, accumulation of overnight buying orders together with new support most of other sections were fairly active with the utility average reaching a new high for 1948. Caution was apparent in rails pending the outcome of the Washington conferences with the union heads. Aircrafts attracted new attention with the airforce announcement that it is immediately starting a plan to purchase 2,727 new planes more than half of which will be jet-fighters. The averages were industrials 182.57 and rails 58.96 Bursts of buying activity featuring selective oils and papers forced the market to new high levels for the day. Both the rail and utility averages touched new high ground for 1948 at the end of the fourth hour. Gains upto nearly two dollars were liberally sprinkled and up to five dollars for mid-continent petroleum. The latter were eagerly sought after the news of oil discovery in new Mexico which oilmen regard as the most important in that states history.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Based on liquidation and local selling influenced by expectations that the threatened railway strike may be averted. Limited commercial demand and a 2-1/4 cents a bushel decline in CCC wheat buying prices were additional depressants.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 8.

May	37.29
July	36.70
October	33.34
December	32.72
Middling Spot	38.13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 8.

May	37.21
July	33.63
October	33.32
December	32.74
Middling Spot	37.06

220 Wagons A Day To Move Food Grains

NEW DELHI, May 9 (API).—Food supplies to deficit areas will be further stepped up with the allotment, for movements out of Bombay, 220 wagons per day—roughly equivalent to 5-1,2 special trains. This wagon capacity placed at the disposal of the Food Ministry, is expected to meet not only the Central Government's requirements but also that of the Bombay Government.

The Standing Committee of the Central Board of Transport at its meeting on Thursday was informed that special arrangements have been made by both the G.I.P and B.B. and C.I. Railways to clear stocks at Bombay Port and to stock foodgrains at the Central Food Ministry's depot at Manmad. Besides, about five train loads of foodgrains would shortly be moved from the metre gauge stations of North-West India to the Madras Presidency.

FRANCO-SPANISH TRADE PACT

PARIS, May 9 (Reuter). A new one year French-Spanish trade agreement, resulting from the reopening of the frontier in February, was signed yesterday in Madrid.

Goods worth about 20,000 million francs will be exchanged. Spain getting chemical and colonial products, ferries, cars and electrical equipment in return for pyrites, mineral ores, mercury, lead, antimony, olive oil, oranges, dried fruit and wine.

KUTCH MUNDI RATES.

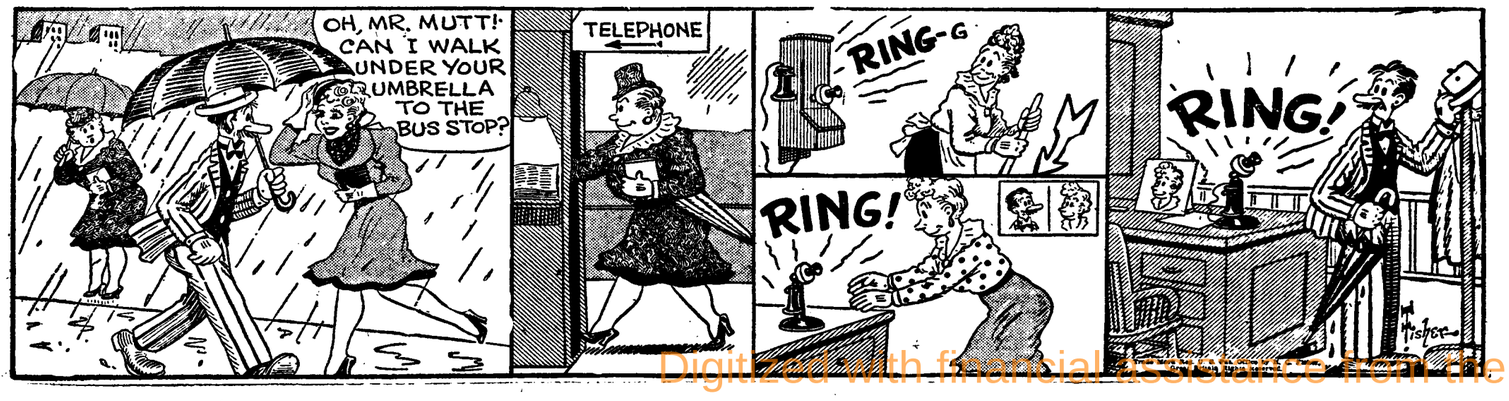
(From Our Correspondent.)

BHUJ, May 8.

Hundi Buying 304 Hundi Selling 308.
Silver 157.
Gold 113.

BANGKOK, May 9 (Reuter).—A two-milliard ptcal (£500,000,000) rehabilitation project covering irrigation, power and railway construction, was approved by the Siamese Cabinet today.

MUTT AND JEFF—And It Wasn't A Wedding Ring—Just The Old Grapevine By BUD FISHER



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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a beautiful, educated Punjabi Khatri girl for a Punjabi Graduate bachelor of 26, belonging to a respectable family, drawing Rs. 500/- per month at Bombay. Apply Box No. 8710 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Bengali Kayastha Bride, really handsome, welleducated respectable family for Bengali Kayastha (31) in high post (700/-p.m.) highly aristrocratic family. Box No. 8722 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a beautiful and educated bride for a Muslim Doctor, having an income of Rs. 4 to 5,000/- per month. Apply with latest photo and good references to Box No. 8700 "Bombay Chronicle". (Correspondence will be kept secret).

Wealthy Indian business-man, 32, healthy, cultured, quiet, very neat and clean, member of several clubs and associations, staying in aristocratic locality in Bombay wants to marry Indian or European virgin or widow, age not above 25. Must be educated, have good features, cultured and of highly respectable family. Please reply in full confidence with photos if possible (returnable) and other particulars to Box No. 8729 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced despatch Clerk for our Press. Must be capable of handling and supervising the despatch of printed goods by rail and steamer. Apply with copies of testimonials and salary expected to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay. 11. 8733

Wanted experienced Propagandists by a leading Pharmaceutical concern of Calcutta for West Bengal, Calcutta, Orissa, Central Province, U. P., C.I. & Rajputana. Very good prospects for really capable detailers. Box No. 8460 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately influential Indenting Salesman on attractive terms. Apply Box No. 101 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced Salesmen of either sex for Soap Sariprinting colours and Mills Auxiliaries. Apply with testimonials to the Factory Manager, The Aruna Chemical Colour & Industrial Products Co., Ltd., Sayani Road, near Elphinstone Station, Bombay 8705

Wanted for H. G. Savla High School, (1) B. Com, (2) Gujarati speaking Teachers, strong in Maths, Gujarati and History Geography. Qualified or trained preferred. Apply sharp with full particulars to the Hon. Secretaries, Jain Boarding, Matunga. 19. 8706

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Batch for Vacation—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout Vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (8704)

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com. Commercial Courses by Post. Associated Schools, Delhi. (8698B)

MEDICAL ADLETS

God's Gift Medicine Hydrocele will be cured like magic within seven days. Rs. 3|8|- including all charges, Menaka Debi. 19 S. N. Banerji Rd Calcutta (5462)

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale "Singer" model 1937-38, in good condition, 27 miles per gallon. Contact "Imperial Motors", Phone 26919 8730

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for our superior Pearl and Nut Buttons on decent commission. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co., 24/3, Ratan Sarkar Garden St., Calcutta 7. (8718)

Wanted Stockists and Agents for our "Askay" Brand, very superior quality, Cycle handles, and other parts, and brass utensils. Jai Hind Home & General Industries Ltd., behind Reserve Bank, Delhi. 8572

PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE: Freehold Plots, situated at Juhu Seaface. Excellent opportunity for big investors. Brokers not entertained. For particulars phone 28404 during office hours and 40078 outside office hours or write to P.O. Box No. 1084, Bombay. 8726

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Gazetted Officers! Gentlemen in Mofussil. Get all your personal requirements from us. Kindly Apply Ronald Bros., 25, Bank St., Bombay. (8707)

Sterling Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works Ltd. Write for Particulars 302/1 Upper Circular Rd Calcutta 8136

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived. Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble, Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. 6778

PUBLIC NOTICES

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY

NOTICE

OPENING DATE OF TENDER No. Ferry/Cylinder/7/48 has been EXTENDED from 7.5.48 to 30.5.48.

8479

NOTICE

C/5842/Chair/Mathe.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY—Applications are invited for the post of the Hardinge Professor of Higher Mathematics.

The Professor shall receive a salary in the scale of Rs. 700-50/2-1000 and shall be entitled to the benefit of the University Provident Fund, so long as he will remain in service. A higher initial salary may, however, be paid to a properly qualified person.

He shall be appointed in the first instance for five years after which the appointment may be renewed for another term or it may be made permanent.

The duties attached to the post and the conditions governing the appointment are given in details in the University Calendar (edn. of 1942) page 73. Candidates must be scholars of high repute and must have extensive research work to their credit.

Applicants should state their age and full particulars of their academic qualifications and experience in teaching and research and also in guiding research work in their applications indicating therein in which particular branches of Mathematics their researches have been carried out.

Applications with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) must reach the undersigned on or before 15th May 1948.

S. C. GHOSH,
Registrar.

Senate House,
The 9th April, 1948.

(8478)

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY
Office of the Registrar,
Benares, May 4, 1948.

ELECTION of ten additional members to the Court of the Benares Hindu University will be held sometime in November, 1948, from among the "registered" graduates of the University. Graduates of the University of not less than 3 years' standing from the date of the Convocation when the degree was conferred shall be entitled to have their names entered in the register of University Graduates on payment of the prescribed fee. The application for enrolment as a registered graduate on the prescribed form obtainable from the Registrar, should be made under registered cover to the Registrar, Benares Hindu University, so as to reach him by the 1st June, 1948. Graduates who are already registered, are requested to inform the Registrar by 1st July 1948, of any change in their adress or occupation.

G. P. MEHTA, M.A.
Registrar.

(8481)

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited from Motor Transport Contractors for the Government of Bombay Civil Supplies Department Transport work in Bombay City and Suburbs with effect from 1-7-1948 to 31-12-1948. Tenders should be on the following basis:

(a) Ton-mile rate, the minimum distance for any one movement being taken as one mile, and

(b) (1) Rate per truck per day of 9 hours including one hour's lunch. Should any truck be required on any day beyond 9 hours proportionate increase per hour will be allowed.

(2) Rate per truck for half day of 5 hours.

The rate shown at (b)(1) & (2) above will primarily be applicable for movements for which ton-mile rate cannot be made applicable. The loading capacity of these trucks should be not less than 3½ tons per truck.

2. Further particulars as well as tender forms can be obtained from the undersigned on application. The tender should reach the undersigned before noon on 20-5-1948. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. J. VAZ,
Offg. Director,
Govt. Transport Service.

Svadeshi Mills Estate,
Queen's Road, Bombay.

(8434)

THE BARSI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS LTD.
NOTICE

NOTE that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at 1/2 Mubarak Manzil, (2nd floor) 104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 11th May, 1948 at 3-00 p.m. (S.T.) to transact (1) to note, approve and sanction alterations in the arrangements of management as proposed by the Managing Agents Desai Sons & Co., and the variation to be made in the Agency Agreement consequently, (2) to sanction their acts of management, (3) to approve the appointments of Messrs. S. P. Arya, B. G. Sahasrabudhe and Shrikisson Badrinath, as Directors.

By order of the Board of Directors

Bombay, 30th March, 1948.

P. V. JOSHI,
Chairman.

N.B.:—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY the 1st May, 1948 to THURSDAY, the 20th May, 1948, (both days inclusive.)

8196

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Item Costing Over Rs. 5,000/-. Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on or before 14/6/48 at 12 noon.

Tender Nos. SP/C/GB10/RI/1037/47 for supply of 655 Nos. Jars, Stoneware empty 2.1/2 gallon capacity with stoppers.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' Office, on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, E.I. Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta, may, however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Tender delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the tender box by the tenderer or his representative.

Tenderers, if they desire, may be present at the time of opening of the tenders which will be opened in the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta on 14-6-48 at 12 noon.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.

(8474)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special item costing over Rs. 5000/- Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the fillowing and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on the 15th June, 1948, at 12 o'clock noon.

Tender No. SP/F/EVB/VGA-60 for the supply of 50 Nos. 24" Cylinder E type Major Assembly Loco to I.R.S. Drg No. VGA-60.

Tender forms can be obtained at Rs. 2/- per copy from the Controller of Stores, on payment to the Treasurer, E.I. Railway Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the tender box by the Tenderer or his representative.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.

8475

COORG FOREST DEPARTMENT
Mercara, the 25th April, 1948.
SALE OF ELEPHANTS

ABOUT 10 to 15 trained elephants will be sold by auction at Titimathi at 2 p.m. on 29-5-1948. The elephants are of all sizes and include both cows and tuskers For further particulars apply to the Chief Forest Officer, Coorg, Mercara.

C. M. KUSHALAPPA,
Chief Forest Officer,
Coorg.

(8477)

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY CO. LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

APPLICATIONS are invited from either sex for the appointment of a Stenographer in the Audit Office at Kurduwadi, in the grade of Rs. 80-5-120 E.B. 8-200-10/2-220 plus Dearness Allowance, so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 20th May, 1948. The pay in this grade will be fixed according to qualifications. The applicants should state their age, their speed in short-hand & typing and their educational qualifications with copies of certificates and references.

T. S. SUBRAMANIAN.
(Auditor).

(8476)

NOTICE

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA on 29th April, 1948, and 6th May, 1948, have published advertisements calling for applications for Medical Scholarships for higher training abroad.

Applications in response to the advertisements, so far as the Province of Bombay is concerned, should be addressed to the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay, Contractor Building, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Preference will be given to applicants for scholarships in the following subjects:—

Pharamacology, Physiology, Manufacture and control of Biological products, manufacture and fitting of artificial limbs, public health administration, industrial health and medicine, plastic surgery, genito-urinary surgery, psychiatry and drug analysis.

Applications should reach the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay not later than 15th, May 1948.

8484

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
NOTICE

INTIMATION having been received of the loss of Policy No. 49585 issued to Mr. TEJSHI SOJPAL CHHEDA, a duplicate policy will be issued to the assured unless objection is lodged with the INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD., at its head office in Industrial Assurance Building, Fort, BOMBAY, within thirty days of this notice.

K. C. DESAI,
General Manager.

Place Bombay,
Date 10-5-48.

8731

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 178944 on the life of Mr. TEJSI SOJPAR CHEDDA, a Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

T. C. KAPUR.
Manager.

Bombay Mutual Building,
Fort, Bombay.

8732

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE.

1,000 PIECES earthenware pipes, 4 inches diameter, required from Bombay Stocks.

Offers to Chief Storekeeper required by 14th May.

8468

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
NOTICE

IT IS DESIRED to dispose of the following lorries preferrably to the original owners on the specific condition that the original owners are prepared to pay back the original amount of compensation paid by Government to them at the time of purchase. The original owners are therefore requested to conduct the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Aviation Division No. 1 Bombay. Lorries Nos. (1) KRK-8 Ford (2) KRK-3 Ford (3) KRK-5 Ford (4) KAK 5624 (5) KAR 5402 Chevrolet (6) BMT 470 Fargo Model (7) BMT 5247 G.M.E.

I.S. CHOPRA
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Divn. No. 1.,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.

8483

NOTICE

THE AERODROME ROAD going to the Santa Cruz Civil Aerodrome from Bombay Agra Road is under repairs and is CLOSED to all vehicular traffic till further notice.

I.S. CHOPRA,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Divn. No. 1.,
Central Public Works Department,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.

8480

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBERS

A. DHARAMSEY

TAKES PLEASURE IN INFORMING HIS ESTEEMED CLIENTS AND CONNECTIONS THAT HIS OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER FROM 10TH MAY, 1948, WILL BE

30917 (2 Lines)

A. DHARAMSEY,
296, Bazaar Gate St.,
Fort, Bombay.

Bombay 8th May, 1948.

(8727)

INDIAN RESEARCH FUND ASSOCIATION

APPLICATIONS INVITED for the post of research assistant on the enquiry on the neurogenic factor in the production of shock and its treatment by the alteration of cerebrospinal fluid electrolytes at the Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay on Rs. 250/- p.m. in the scale of Rs. 160-10-330 plus usual dearness and other allowances permissible under rules.

Minimum qualifications: Medical Graduate who has done a Surgical house appointment for a period of at least six months in a recognised hospital.

Post temporary renewable yearly subject sanction of the Governing Body of Association. Probation 6 months. Service terminable one month's notice either side. No pension or gratuity allowed but benefits of Provident Fund permissible subject to rules. Private practice or free quarters or compensation in lieu thereof not allowed. Leave as for temporary Government servants under Revised Leave Rules, 1933. Travelling allowance under Supplementary Rules, as amended from time to time. Selected candidates may be required for interview at Bombay. Travelling allowance will not be allowed for journey for interview or joining first appointment.

All applications should be made on the prescribed forms which can be obtained from the Dean, Seth G. S. Medical College, Parel, Bombay.

Completed application forms should be submitted so as to reach the Dean, Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay, not later than the 21st June 1948.

(8469)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Item costing over Rs. 5,000/-

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores Office, E.I. Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta up to noon on 9-6-1948.

Tender No. SP/D/HB2/ZS50 for 3,000 Nos. switches tumbler with fuse brown bakelite cover on brown porcelain base 5 amps for electric Lamps and fans.

Tender forms can be had from the Office of the Controller of Stores, E.I Rly. 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, E.I. Rly., 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender form direct by Money order No refund is permissable.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented first for registration in Controller of Stores Office and then put into the tender box.

CONTROLLER OF STORES,

8475

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAHOMEDALLY TAJBHAI of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has agreed to sell by way of exchange the undermentioned property to our clients.

ALL persons having any claim or demand whatsoever against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Alli Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase shall be completed without any reference to any such claim or demand and any such claim or demand shall be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO

All those pieces or parcels of Gavtan land or ground with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Bazar Road, Bandra, in the Revenue Village of Bandra, South Salsette Taluka, Bombay Suburban District, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and in the Registration District of Bombay Suburban bearing City Survey Nos. 466 and 467 of Bazar Road, Bandra, admeasuring 209 yards or thereabouts and the premises standing thereon assessed by the Bandra Municipality under House No 282 of Colwad Ward and bounded as follows that is to dar, on or towards the West by a properties of Sorabji Hormusji Subedar and Rustomji Sorabji Subedar, on or towards the West by a public Road or Passage, on or towards the South by a Public Road or Passage and beyond that by Government open land and on or towards the North by a lane and beyond that by the house of Mr. Titus.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1948.

POPOTLAL & JIVABHAI.
Purchasers' Attorneys.

(8470)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "ANANDASHRAM" AT NAROTTAM ROAD, MULUND.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from Mr. Pochalal Bapuji Contractor, sell by Public Auction Wednesday 12th inst. at 10 A.M. (S.T.) the undetermentioned property on the premises.

All that piece of land admeasuring about 1135 sq. yds. being plot No 19 B at Narottam Road in Mulund District Thana bearing S. No. 1000, Hissa No. 19 Part.

For further particulars apply to M/s Desai & Co., Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF SCREW CAP 180 ELECTRIC BULBS 750 to 3000 vats, on Friday, 14th Inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at our Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from M/s Cinephoto Chemical Store Ltd., Bombay.

Term: 25 per cent cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF 1200 READY-made English IMPORTED UMBRELLAS, 25" Celluloid handles fluted ribs, English imitation cloth, on FRIDAY, 14TH Inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the shop of M/s. Devichand Dalichand & Co. 57 A, New Hanuman Lane Bombay, under instructions from M/s Devichand Dalichand & Co. & on account & at risk of M/s Tavaria Brothers.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

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"I would earnestly request that no further refugees from Pakistan should come to Delhi, as this will not help them in any way. They will merely add to their difficulties as well as ours. It is easier for us to help in other places and we intend to do so— Delhi cannot possibly absorb or accommodate fresh batches of refugees. If fresh batches come, they will have to be sent on to Kurukshetra or other places".

Pt. Nehru
Prime Minister of India.

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AC 345.

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